The Daily Victoria Times.

VOL. 1. VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1885. NO. 206

THE TOILING SINGERS.

Our Musical Artists and their Teachers in Paris.

Grace Greenwood Talks About Stogers—Peculiarities of American Pupils—Repairing Broken Voices. Self-Denying Students.

(*Special correspondence.*)

PARIS, Sept. 12.—There seems to be at home an inexhaustible interest in American students of music over here—those brave, voluntary exiles—patient sojourners in a strange land, ardent young worshippers of that most divine and elusive of the arts, more a goddess than a muse, and a most capricious goddess, "uncertain, coy and hard to please," maddening and mocking, irresponsive and yielding, cold and tender, a very Diana, fleeing from the fierce passion of an Actæon and descending to kiss a sleeping Endymion. There is a world of unwritten tragedy and not a little comedy in the experiences of our young countrymen and countrywomen who have come across the cruel sea and passed through strange scenes and trials manifold, led on and on by the sirens of their own sweet, beguiling voices, or by the ideally perfect tones of dream-violins, played before them like Ariel's lute, "i' the air."

All I know of our already celebrated singers and musicians now in Europe can soon be told. Paris is, I believe, to be during the coming season, for the first time for some years without an American *prima donna* as a fixed star. Griswold is in England, Nevada is going to take possession of her "Castles in Spain," and that dainty little singing bird, Van Zandt, is to quit her comfortable, gilded perch in the Opera Comique for something more lofty in the Imperial Theatre of St. Petersburg. By the way, that brave, all-alive little woman, Emma Abbott has been studying in Paris Van Zandt's latest triumph, "Lakme," and is to present the charming *rote* in English form at home. Madame Marie Durand, a grand dramatic soprano, is to sing at the Italian Opera in Paris, and Miss Risley, another southern singer, hailing, I believe from Galveston, is to remain in her fine position at Pesth.

During the spring we heard in Paris, at a concert, a remarkably fine performance on the piano by an American girl, young and fair—Miss Virginia Rider. This artiste, as modest as she is clever, entered the "straight gate" of the *Paris Conservatoire* at twelve years of age, and remained there three years, winning honors and a brilliant execution by her talent and untiring diligence. She was then placed under the private instruction of Theodore Ritter, and seems to have mastered much of his delightful method, one in which great force is softened by exquisite grace. There is nothing superficial about Miss Rider's training. She has bravely grappled with the toughest difficulties of her art, and what seems to the unmusical, its profound mysteries—such as "Harmony," "Composition," "Orchestration," "Fugue" and "Thorough-bass." Miss Rider's *début* was made last year at the Crystal Palace in London, and was a perfect success, one which, I hope, will be often repeated in America.

Our violinists seem to be winning more than their share of conservatory laurels. Miss Harkness, of Boston (first prize), is regarded as an admirable artiste. The "little Carpenter," of New York, is steadily building up the fabric of her fame. Though it is something very delicate, pure and fanciful, like the dainty ivory structures of the east, it is not without a foundation of considerable strength. She is now under bonds to play in the famous Colonne concerts, which is an important step forward for the little girl. Maud Powell, who reminds one by her bloom and freshness and the bright promise of her genius of the name of her native city, Aurora, is now in Berlin, studying under the incomparable Joachim, who, after hearing her play in London, said: "I expected to find a phenomenon, but I have found something far better—an artiste."

Here is a student! I can witness to her passionate zeal and tireless labor. She is never quite ready to "hang up the fiddle and the bow." Reluctantly she lies down to sleep and joyfully rises up to play. She is a sturdy, light-hearted girl, and a simple, loyal American, though palaces are open to receive her and princes and princesses applaud her.

Next to our students abroad, I think people are interested in their teachers and means of instruction. I know little of German masters in singing, or of French; most of those in Paris being Italian. Even in the National *Conservatoire*, where the pupils are especially trained for French opera, having as the goal of their ambition the stage of that stupendous temple of fashion and song, the Grand Opera House. A course of instruction in the *Conservatoire* is a great temptation to poor young singers, as it costs nothing; but I cannot believe the school is a good one for American voices, as the constant use of the French language, in singing, to say nothing of the French method, is apt to intensify the American vocal defect, a certain sharp and more or less nasal quality in the high notes.

"*Place aux dames!*" Mesdames Marchese and La Grange stand at the head of the *maitresses*, if not the *maitres de chant*, in Paris. As a trainer of light, high soprano voices, I do not suppose that Marchese has her equal in the world. Her most distinguished American pupil is Emma Nevada, whom she declares "the finest light soprano in the world." It is a great thing to say, but it may be true. Nevada's voice, with its exquisitely perfected, inexpressibly delicate and tender high notes, is a flute with a heart, and a harp with a soul. Marchese has at least one great dramatic soprano on the stage—Gabrielle Krauss, of the Grand Opera—and the Miss Risley of whom I have spoken, and who possesses a voice of marvelous compass, strength and sweetness, promises to be another.

Madame La Grange is able to impart much of her elegant style and charm of expression to her pupils. She is best as a finishing teacher, not being skilled in, or not enjoying over much, the placing and developing of voices. Though I remember her as being a veritable *grande dame*, and somewhat cold on the stage, she is, as a teacher, sympathetic, generous and patient, and so is greatly beloved. One of the oldest, ablest and most thoroughly artistic masters in Paris is Signor Alari. A young American lady, Miss Mary Johnson, of Washington, a *cantatrice* very remarkable for her fine high notes and facility of execution, is finishing her operatic study with this *maestro*. Signor Muzio, who was, it seems, the first teacher in opera of little Adelina Patti, is another admirable master—according to the report of his enthusiastic pupils—and Delle Sedie is yet another, so there is a wide choice.

Signor Sbriglia, a master comparatively young, has in his method certain specialties which have much good in them, if not carried or urged too far and fast. But whoever saw a hobby ridden at a jog-trot? Sbriglia dwells much on the strengenthing and development of the chest and on "the science of breathing," but as his breath-theories are opposed to those of Lennox Brown, they are open to discussion. He is really skilled in twisting the voice out of the throat, his pupils being seldom troubled with even a huskiness, but in his horror of "throatiness," and his passion for "*timbre*," he too often, by his peculiar exercises, and by positions stiff and forced, imparts a metallic or *pinced* quality to the voices of which he has the entire training. As a teacher of opera, he is not thoroughly well grounded, or up to the times. He is best as a repairer of broken voices, a tuner up of relaxed vocal chords. Many old and distinguished artists go to him for such services, and find aid and comfort.

Some months ago I read an "interview" with Madame Marchese and a letter to some musical journal from Madame La Grange. Both ladies advocated a long apprenticeship in the operatic art—a continuous, thorough, exhaustive study, and both expressed some dissatisfaction with American pupils, for their delicacy of constitution, their impatience of drilling and drudging and their desperate anxiety to get to work. According to them our poor girls are dying for a *début* from the start. Something of this must be admitted and accounted for as a national characteristic. We are not a patient people. We hate slow processes in politics, business, science, architecture and art, but certain other facts these critical ladies seem not to have taken into account. To none of their pupils is an art education in Paris so serious and costly a matter as to the Americans. There is the wide, sad separation from home and friends, the expense of journeying by sea and land, and of living in the dearest city of Europe, the ever recurring drain of high-priced lessons, the hire of pianos, the perpetual purchase of music, till the poor things are half buried in operas. This sense of so much going out and nothing coming in, with, perhaps, the thought of dear ones toiling and sacrificing at home, makes the student of limited means so desperately impatient, or so sadly depressed that she can but half profit by her precious opportunities. She too often denies herself the common comforts of life, stints herself of necessities, and so ruins her health, and with that of course goes her voice, a loss which is to her next to rendering up her soul. The nightingale caged in her poor unnurtured chest is starved and dies. Madame Marchese will not undertake to make a first class artist of a singer possessed of ever so wonderful a voice, under a three years' course of assiduous study. The moments of this great teacher's personal instruction must be counted in gold, and it follows that to realize large hopes her pupils must have large means. With money, comfortable quarters, a careful mother to look after her, a patient and docile disposition, and, above all, a fine voice, even a delicate American girl, young enough to have three years to invest in study, may hope for a brilliant career. As for the poor girls who must strike out with little money and no mothers, "the game is not worth the candle." There are a fortunate few who, through the generosity of some rich friend, are able to start on the race carrying no weight. There are some noble, big-hearted, wealthy citizens, like George W. Childs, who, believing that arctic explorers and theological students have had their share of aid and comfort, extend a helping hand to penniless young women longing to be able to support themselves as singers or musicians. But such helpers are rare—the only great, effective, permanent aid for poor young artists would be a grand national conservatory of music—an institution broad and solid, comprehensive and catholic in character. For this philanthrophy and patriotism call alike on the millionaire and the million.

GRACE GREENWOOD.

THE INCOMPLETE.

When the fair statue finally is done,
The picture framed, and hung in all men's sight,
Sculptor and artist miss the keen delight,
That filled them when their labors were begun.

Not when the longed for goal at last is won;
Not when the prize is gained, do we feel quite
That eager joy that fills our veins, despite
Fatigue, or anxious doubts, the while we run.

Results, however glad, are not so sweet
As expectation. He who droops, and sighs
"Too long my task is, and the day too fleet
For its accomplishment ere night," may rise
Rejoicing rather; for in truth there lies
Life's rarest pleasure in the Incomplete.

ELLA WHEELER WILCOX.

MERIDEN, Ct., Sept. 20.

Brutal persons who take credit to themselves for what they call "frankness," receive this merited slap from a writer in Blackwood's Magazine: "It is not he who loves you that tells you candidly what he thinks of your person, your pretensions, your children or your poems. Perfect candor is dictated by envy or some other unfriendly feeling. Friendship is candid only when candor is urgent—meant to avert impending danger or to rectify an error. The candor which is an impertinence never springs from friendship. Love is sympathetic. The man whom you indignantly defend against any accusation brought by another, so confident are you in his unshakable integrity, you may momentarily suspect of crimes far exceeding those which you repudiated. Indeed, I have known sagacious men to hold that perfect frankness in expressing the thoughts is a sure sign of imperfect friendship. Society reposes on a very thin crust of convention."

OUR "GRANDMOTHER."

Referring to the Good-Natured, Ever-Ready, Old-Fashioned Grandmother of Days Gone By.

[Detroit Free Press.]

"Is she dead yet?"

I should grieve to hear that she was. I am referring to the good-natured, ever-ready, old-fashioned grandmother of days gone by. She was my grandmother and yours, and, indeed, everybody else's, when one was needed. I remember her as gray-haired, wrinkle-faced, and hands crippled with the hard work of pioneer days. I remember her sympathetic voice and soft touch—her steel-bowed spectacles—her quaint old snuff-box—her bustling look and anxious tones as she came in the back way and called out;

"And so that boy's had to give up and go to bed, eh? Dear me! but it's too bad, though I guess it's nothing serious, and I hope you won't worry. Let's see him. Ah—um! Stomach out of order, and I've got some fever. Had my children taken this way dozens of times and in two days they were out playing."

It was worth a month's sickness to see her bustle around after horse-radish leaves to make drafts for the feet, cloths to wet in cold water for the head—mustard for the back of the neck—a bit of rhubarb to sweeten the stomach, and to hear her say:

"Well, now, who'd thought it; but don't worry! Mercy on me! but my Dan'l has been sicker'n that fifty different times and isn't dead yet. Just you go right down and finish your baking and leave me to take care of him. I just dote on sick folks!"

And didn't things turn out just as she predicted? And three days after didn't she come down into the back lot where I was eating sour crab-apples and fling up her hands and exclaim:

"For the land's sake! but does this boy mean to kill himself afore the summer is out!"

If mother had a pain in her side she ran over to see grandma. If father went lame it was grandmother who had a remedy. Not in our family alone, but in a dozen. Not in one case, but in a hundred.

Who had catnip and smart-weed and may-weed and oak bark and spice bush and mustard? Grandmother, of course. Who knew what was good for earache, toothache, jaundice, languor, loss of appetite, rheumatism, biliousness and a hundred other ills? Grandmother.

And if her remedies failed to arrest disease and the doctor was sent for how kindly courteous he was! Everything she had done was professionally justified, and he seemed almost sorry that she had not worked a cure and deprived him of his fee. He would take the case and warrant a cure, but, of course, must depend upon her to a great extent. Such a compliment was worth more than a new house to her.

And if death came grandmother was there to weep with the family and to console all others. It was her poor old fingers which helped to close the eyes—which helped to make the shroud—which arranged the lifeless hands. It was her voice which kept whispering: "There! there! poor thing—don't take it so much to heart! He is far better off than we are, and you must live on for those behind." She was with the mourners—at the grave—back to the house to cheer the heart-broken and leave them at night with a feeling that it was for the best.

And it was a holiday when grandmother came over with her knitting or sewing for an afternoon visit. She had the big rocking-chair and the coolest corner, and no queen was more respected. She remembered the war with Mexico, and the fall of stars, and two or three earthquakes. She recollected what everybody had dreamed, and how it came out, and who married who and how they prospered. She had seen two or three Presidents; been to New York and Niagara Falls. She was a medical college, an encyclopedia and a book of adventures combined, and her going away at night left a vacancy that she alone could fill.

Is she still living? If so, may the world reverence her. Is she dead? If so, may the sunshine of Heaven have made her the happiest angel of them all!

SUPERSTITIOUS PEOPLE.

How a Cabdrift Secured a Good Dinner.

[St. James' Gazette.]

A French journal recently drew attention to the fact that there is no No. 13 in Friedland avenue, the proprietor of the house which should bear that number having obtained permission from the Prefect of the Seine to number it "14 *bis*." The old superstitions about numbers and days have certainly more life left in them in France than in this country. M. Sarcey states that the receipts of the railway, and, what is still more surprising, of the omnibus companies, show a considerable falling off on Friday. He goes on to say, referring to another and still more prevalent superstition, that at one of the recent monthly dinners of a group of Parisian artists, a painter of eminence refused to sit down to table because there were only twelve other persons present. The dinner was kept waiting an hour in the hope that another guest would make his appearance, and at length the painter and another of the company went into the street determined to invite the first presentable person they met to join the party. A decent-looking cab-driver happened to be passing at the time, who readily accepted the invitation, it being an understood thing that he was to consider himself as engaged by the hour at the usual fare. Handing his whip to a colleague, he went with his hosts into the banquet hall, and was put in the place of honor at the right of the chairman, who was a Cabinet Minister. The cabby proved to be a cheerful and polite individual, and he conducted himself with the utmost decorum in the distinguished company of which he found himself so unexpectedly forming part.

A Ride That Rode Horseback.

[Pittsburgh Dispatch.]

It is a unusual sight to witness a pig riding horseback, but that was what met the astounded gaze of residents of Penn avenue in the vicinity of Twenty-sixth street yesterday afternoon. An Allegheny butcher was coming down the road with a wagon-load of pigs. One of the animals became restive, broke its fastening and climbed up on the seat with the driver, who was crowded off his perch by the hoggishness of the brute. The butcher fell to the ground and broke his leg. In attempting to jump off the seat the pig alighted on the horse's back, where it rested for a minute or until the horse became frightened and ran away. The wagon was badly used up before the horse was stopped. The injured butcher was taken to McCabe Bros.' livery stable, placed in a carriage and taken home.

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8.05 "	6.00 "		D Pitt'm'n'd A	5.30 "	5.30 "
7.00 "	7.00 "	12	Westminster	5.00 "	5.00 "
7.35 "	7.35 "	20	Whonnock	4.30 "	4.10 "
8.25 "	8.25 "	30	Mission	3.15 "	3.15 "
9.10 "	9.10 "	40	Nicomin	2.25 "	2.35 "
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1.10 "	1.10 "	85	Emory	10.45 "	10.45 "
1.30 "	1.30 "	90	YALE	10.30 "	10.30 "
.....	2.00 "		Spuzzum	9.50 "	9.50 "
.....	2.30 "	102	North Bend	8.00 "	8.00 "
.....	4.30 "	117	Keefers	7.00 "	7.00 "
.....	6.45 "	129	Cisco	5.50 "	6.00 "
.....	7.15 "	144	Lytton	5.25 "	5.20 "
.....	7.40 "	150	Gladwin	5.00 "	5.00 "
.....	8.10 "	154	Thompson	4.30 "	4.30 "
.....	8.40 "	159	Drynock	4.10 "	4.10 "
.....	9.30 "	169	Spence's Brdge	3.40 "	3.40 "

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Ottawa	135 00	106 00	71 00
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5 33 PM	1st		0		Lv. Portland Ar	8 10 AM			4th
6 0	day				East Portland	7 46			day
8 25				88	Ar. Hood River Lv	5 12			
8 55					Lv. Dalles Ar	4 40			
11 00				98	Lv. Dalles Ar	2 40			
2 55 AM				207	Lv. Umatilla Lv	10 10 PM			
4 20				266	Ar. Wallula Junction Lv	9 20			
4 40				270	Lv. Wallula Junction Ar	8 50			
6 55				314	Palouse Junction	6 35			
10 05				395	Ar. Lewiston Lv	3 15			
11 55				252	Cheney	1 30			
12 15 PM					Spokane Falls	1 05			
1 28				261	Ratteburn	11 57 AM			
2 30 AM					Missoula	1 00			
5 30					Garrison	9 10 PM			
6 30				575	Ar. Helena Lv	6 15			
8 50				605	Lv. Helena Ar	5 45			
1 20 PM				695	Bozeman	3 25			
5 55				805	Billings	7 15 PM			
9 25				958	Bismarck	11 25			2d
7 25 AM		2d		1444	Fargo	7 40			1st
9 10		1st		1559	Brainerd	9 45 PM			
12 10 PM	4th	day	4th	2011	Ar. St. Paul Lv	4 00			

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CHICAGO AND GRAND TRUNK TIME TABLE

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	Limited Express	Atlantic Express
Lv. Chicago via C. & G. T. Railway	3.21 P.M.	8.30 P.M.
Ar. Port Huron	1.38 A.M.	7.00 A.M.
" London	4.50 A.M.	11.20 A.M.
" Hamilton	6.50 A.M.	1.55 P.M.
" Suspension Bridge	8.05 A.M.	3.15 P.M.
" Buffalo	9.15 A.M.	3.40 P.M.
" Toronto	8.10 A.M.	7.10 P.M.
" Montreal	7.00 P.M.	7.15 A.M.
" Portland	12.25 P.M.	5.20 P.M.
" Boston via Niagara Falls	12.40 A.M.	9.35 A.M.
" Boston via Montreal	8.20 A.M.	7.05 P.M.
" New York	10.00 A.M.	7.30 P.M.

Trains leave Chicago daily, Sunday included.

CANADIAN PASSENGERS can now have their baggage examined and passed customs at depot in Chicago, corner Fourth avenue and Polk street, thereby avoiding all annoyance and delay at the Canadian frontier.

W. J. SPICER, GEO. B. REEVE.
Gen Manager. Traffic Manager.
J. A. ROBBINS, Western Passenger Agent, Chicago and Grand Trunk Railway, Chicago.

"NIAGARA FALLS ROUTE,"
Is the Name by which
The Michigan Central R. R.

Is universally known because (1) it is the only line out of Chicago running its trains via the Niagra Falls, giving passengers a full view of that world's wonder; (2) it is the only line between those two points and Buffalo under one management. Through express trains are run as below, offering to all classes of passengers more and better accommodations than any other line:

	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.
Lv. Chicago	*6.45	*8.55	*4.15	*5.40	†9.55
	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	a.m.
Ar. Detroit	10.50	10.30	11.20	*3.35	10.30
	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.
Ar. St. Thomas	†11.20	†11.45	*2.25	*10.05	11.20
	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
Ar. V. R. (via C. Toronto	9.00	10.30	10.30	12.40	*6.35
	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
Ar. Niagra Falls	*2.30	*3.30	*6.35	†1.50	*8.30
	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
Ar. Buffalo	3.40	4.00	*7.50	*2.00	*6.45

Connecting with N. Y. C., N. Y., L. E. & W., E. L. & W., and B. N. Y. and P. Railroads.

O. W. RUGGLES,
Gen Pass. and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

SAILING OF VESSELS—RAILROADS, ETC

Intercolonial Railway.

The Direct Route from the West for all Points in New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Cape Breton and Newfoundland.

THROUGH EXPRESS PASSENGER TRAINS run Daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

Leave Pointe Levis	8.00 A. M.
Arrive Riviere du Loup	12.05 P. M.
" Campbellton	7.05 "
" Dalhousie Junction	7.41 "
" Bathurst	9.20 "
" Newcastle	11.00 "
" Moncton	1.40 A. M.
" St. John	5.20 "
" Halifax	9.20 "

The Grand Trunk Trains leaving Montreal at 10:15 p. m., connect at Pointe Levis with these trains.

The Trains to Halifax and St. John run through to their destination on Sundays.

All Trains are run by Eastern Standard Time.

D. POTTINGER, Chief Superintendent.

THE GREAT OVERLAND ROUTE.
Northern Pacific R. R.

THE ONLY LINE
Running through trains to the East via. St. Paul Minneapolis or Duluth

ONLY LINE running Pullman Palace Cars.
ONLY LINE running Palace Dining Cars. (Meals 75 cents.)
ONLY LINE running Luxurious Day Coaches.
ONLY LINE running Elegant Emigrant Sleeping Cars, with berths free of charge.
NO CHANGE OF CARS OF ANY CLASS

ATLANTIC EXPRESS LEAVES PORTLAND 5:00 p.m. daily, arrives at Minneapolis or St. Paul, 12:25 noon FOURTH DAY. Connections made at St. Paul or Minneapolis for all points East, South and Southeast.

Through connection from Victoria made with Atlantic Express at Portland.

CHAS. S. FEE,
Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul

A. D. CHARLTON,
Gen. Western Pass. Agent
No. 2 Washington Street, Portland.
ROBT. IRVING, Agent, Victoria.

SECURE YOUR TICKETS FOR Overland Travel BY THE GREAT Albert Lea & R'k Isl'nd ROUTES.
Connecting with the N. P. R. R. AT ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS
COMFORT, SPEED, PLEASURE, CHEAPNESS, ALL COMBINED.
ROBERT IRVING, Agent, Victoria.
CHAS. KENNEDY, Passenger Agent, Portland, Oreg.

Pacific Mail Steamship Company.
THE COMPANY'S STEAMERS WILL SAIL FOR HONGKONG via YOKOHAMA as follows:
CITY OF TOKIO, February 26th
City of Rio de Janeiro, Feb. 14th
Excursion tickets to Yokahama and return at reduced rates.
For NEW YORK via PANAMA.
COLOMA - - Jan. 31st.
At 10 o'clock A. M.
Taking freight and passengers for Masatlan, Acapulco, Champerico, San Jose de Guatamala, Acajutla, La Libertad and Punta Arenas.
For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney.
AUSTRALIA - - Feb. 14th
at 2 o'clock p.m. or immediately on arrival of the English mails.
$10 additional is charged for upper cabin passage.
For freight or passage apply at the office, corner First and Brannan streets.
WILLIAMS, DIMOND & CO., Gen. Agents.

European Steamship Company.
To and from Europe via the following Lines
AMERICAN, INMAN, WHITE STAR,
ANCHOR, GUION, RED STAR,
ALLAN, NATIONAL CUNARD,
NORTH GERMAN LLOYDS, STATE,
HAMBURG AMERICAN PACKET COMPANY
ROTTERDAM LINE. ITALIAN LINE
In Connection with Railroad Tickets Overland via
NEW YORK BOSTON BALTIMORE PHILADELPHIA OR QUEBEC.
For information call on or address
A. L. MAXWELL,
Agent N. P. R. R Co
Overland Ticket Office, Foot of Ash St.
PORTLAND, OREGON.
Berths secured in advance by Telegraph.

FOR SEATTLE.
ELIZA ANDERSON,
Via PORT TOWNSEND.
Will leave Victoria for the above-named ports every
Sunday at 2 o'clock A. M., and Wednesday and Friday at 2 A. M.,
Returning from Seattle, leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 2 A. M. ja16

W. R CLARKE,
Auctioneer,
Appraiser and Commission Merchant.
SALESROOM—Fire Proof Building, Yates st.
VICTORIA, B. C.
Liberal advances made on consignments.
To facilitate the sale of Real Estate, I have complete maps of Victoria, Esquimalt, New Westminster and the Districts.
N. B.—Parties desirous of selling their Stock in Trade, or Furniture, and not wishing the trouble of an Auction Sale, can find a Cash buyer by calling on the above.
Office of Harbor Master and Port Warden.

SAILING OF VESSELS—RAILROADS, ETC

THE OPPOSITION
STEAMER

TEASER
FOR
New Westminster, Port Hammond
And way ports, leaves Turner, Beeton & Co's wharf at 1 o. m., on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS.
Fare to New Westminster - $1 50
Freight per ton - - - 2 00
WM. MOORE, Master.

CIGARS, TOBACCO, ETC.

FRANK CAMPBELL,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

FINE HAVANA CIGARS.
Meerschaum Pipes,
SMOKING TOBACCO
CORNER YATES AND GOVERNMENT STS.
VICTORIA, B. C.

KURTZ & Co.,
Pioneer White Labor
Cigar and Cigarette Manufacturers.
Established, 1879.
VICTORIA. - BRITISH COLUMBIA

CHAS. HAYWARD
Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Government St. VICTORIA, B. C.

Buy It! Try It!!
RED CROWN
FLOUR!
New Process.
Best for Family and Baker's
USE
HAVE NO OTHER
For Sale by all Respectable Grocers
At Wholesale and Retail
Ask for it! Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO.
Albany, Oregon

THE ISLAND RAILWAY

ABLE BODIED MEN
Accustomed to Chopping
WANTED
FOR THE ISLAND RAILWAY.
Apply to
Robertson, McLagan & Co.,
Second door south of P. O., Government St.

THE
Victoria Dairy.
Henry Chaffey
PROPRIETOR.
Cedar Hill Road, Victoria District.
ORDERS may be given to the WAGONS, which may be seen in all parts of the city, and will receive prompt attention.
HENRY CHAFFEY.

**

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Saturday Feb. 7. 1885.

THE TIMES.

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY, BY THE TIMES PUBLISHING COMPANY.

OFFICE—Government Street. Near Johnson.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY TIMES, by mail to any part of Canada or the United States:
One year for $5.00
Six months 2.50
Three months 1.00
Delivered in all parts of the city by carrier, at 25 cents per week.

THE WEEKLY TIMES, per year $2.00
" " six months 1.25

TERMS—Strictly in advance.

The Weekly Times is published every Friday morning, is an excellent readable family journal, sent to all parts of Canada and the United States free of postage.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line, solid nonpareil: First insertion 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion 4 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line for each insertion. No advertisement in this classification inserted for less than 25.

REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING, as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular business and manufacturing firms—published at the following rate per line space of solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisement:

More than two days and not more than one week, 20 cents.
More than one week and not more than one fortnight, 30 cents.
More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 40 cents.

No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than $1, and accepted only for every day insertion.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS. Classified, 10 cents per word per month. No card inserted for less than $1.00.

Notices inserted amongst regular reading matter items, 15 cents per line for each and every insertion.

Where cuts are inserted they must be ALL METAL, and mounted on wood.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of specified period will be charged the same as if continued for full time.

Special rates for WEEKLY TIMES.

TO ADVERTISERS.—Changes for advertisements for the Daily edition must be handed in to this office not later than 10 A. M. on the morning of publication; otherwise insertion cannot be guaranteed.

Address, THE TIMES PUBLISHING CO.,
Victoria B. C.

The Manitoba Legislature has been summoned to meet on March 5th.

BRITISH COLUMBIA has 350,000 square miles of surface, or three-fold that of the British Isles.

THE *Colonist* says: "It is the policy of exclusion that has made Metlakatlah what it is—the envy and admiration of the world." Comment is unnecessary.

THE senatorial election in France indicates large Republican gains; and if these be accepted as an indication of those for the Chamber of Deputies to follow, some potent changes in the relation of church and state will immediately follow.

AN eastern journal makes the following curious calculation: If you want to go to San Francisco cheaply go to New York ($2.50), then by steamer to Liverpool ($10), thence to San Francisco, via New York, emigrant rate ($48); total to San Francisco, $60.50. First-class ticket to San Francisoo, $120 or thereabouts.

THE Montreal carnival has been a great success. During the week the city was thronged with visitors. The display of fireworks on St. Helen's Island, the torchlight procession, storming of the ice palace and the fancy dress carnival in the Victoria rink were among the leading attractions, and are said to have been gorgeously beautiful.

A RUMOR was current in Ottawa that Sir Hector Langevin and Mr. Caron had sent to Sir John Macdonald an ultimatum declaring that as a condition of their remaining in the Cabinet the Short Line Railway must go via Quebec, and the Federal Government must advance the money necessary to build a bridge over the St. Lawrence at that city. Indications are that the coming session will be one of surprises.

OGILVIE, the grain king of Manitoba, has closed his mills from the inability to compete with Minneapolis millers. Since the season began 600,000 barrels of American flour have been shipped to the Dominion, principally for consumption in the province of Quebec. Grain, according to this Manitoba authority, can be had by the Minneapolis millers at 50 cents a bushel, while he has to pay 72, and even with the duty on flour at 50 cents a barrel they can still undersell him in Canadian markets.

THE Winnipeg papers ridicule the statement, which, by the way, originated in Toronto, that there is any cause for uneasiness as to the condition of the men left at the different stations by Lieut. Gordon, commanding the Hudson Bay exploring expedition. Our prairie contemporaries contend that if people can winter over in Winnipeg in tents, they will be perfectly comfortable on the shores of the Hudson Bay in rock-houses warmed by base-burners; and the aforesaid contemporaries ought to know.

THE *Cologne Gazette* exhibits its fierce hostility to England. It declares that the English flag will be lowered at St. Lucia Bay. It says Germany is taking measures to open up Zululand, and that England cannot be allowed to play the part of a bulldog — neither colonizing those regions herself nor permitting other countries to do so. Germany is resolved to keep hold of what she has got, and she will not permit John Bull to thwart her colonial policy.

THE speech from the throne in opening the Ontario Legislature last week was couched in a congratulatory strain. The final and triumphant success of the resistance to Ottawa tyranny in the matter of the Streams Act, the brilliant victory before the Privy Council in the Boundary dispute, the affirmation of Provincial rights in respect to licensing jurisdiction—these and other achievements were adverted to. Other subjects for congratulation were found in the abundant harvests with which that agricultural Province has been blessed, and in the success of the Farmers' Institutes recently held in different places. The depression in the Lumber trade must have somewhat affected the Provincial revenues and necessarily was alluded to in the speech. A bill to simplify transactions in real estate will be introduced. Other reforms in regard to the business of the courts and the law of municipal elections, and a bill to consolidate the school laws is likely to be re-introduced this session.

CHINESE EVIDENCE.

A petition to the Local Legislature is being circulated at Nanaimo, requesting legislation to prevent the conviction of white men exclusively on Chinese testimony. The petition represents that the Chinese as a class are entirely destitute of any sentiment of sacredness pertaining to a judicial oath, whether it be regarded either in a moral or spiritual sense; that recent occurrences have shown that the white men of that community are constantly exposed to the danger of innocently suffering penal conviction from the conspired false swearing of the aforesaid Chinese; therefore the petitioners respectfully request that the Legislature will by proper enactment amend the penal code of this Province, so as to preserve white men from conviction thereunder, exclusively by the statements of Chinese, uncorroborated by other testimony of a more reliable character. The petitioners further ask that the Lieutenant Governor will represent to the Dominion Government the evil specified, and urge on that Government the necessity of applying the same remedy to the more important portion of the penal code of which the Federal Parliament has exclusive control.

ANSWERS TO CORESPONDENTS

In answer to "Invalid" we advise that he try "Edgar Balm" in preference to "Duncan and McDonald Elixir," as under the invigorating influence of the former medicine the editor of the *Colonist*, from being a weakly, dilapidated broken-down, pitiable object got to be healthy and strong. But positively eschew the use of the latter drug, as the same gentleman has been also trying it of late. In consequence, his friends quietly hint that his mind has become unsettled, and that the Government contemplate providing him with a specially fitted apartment in the new wing of their hotel at New Westminster, in recognition of his past servile services.

IN answer to "Truthteller," we think that the editor of the *Colonist* cannot be a relation of our correspondent, as he has been a resident of this city for many years, and never has been known by that name in these parts.

A TERRIBLE CATASTROPHE.

The United States Consul at Malaga reports that fifty villages have been destroyed by recent earthquakes. Two thousand lives were lost and 20,000 persons have quitted Malaga. The rest of the population sleep in the open air. The death rate from disease has increased 300 per cent. At Albunuclas the earth opened, swallowing a church and other buildings. Nothing remains in sight but the weathercock of the church spire. Two hundred bodies have already been taken from the ruins. At Velez-Malaga the prison, churches, convents and city hall have been levelled to the ground. Processions headed by the clergy constantly pass through the streets. Rich and poor alike kneel in the mud in the pouring rain and cry aloud for mercy.

Collision and Fire.

Special Dispatches to THE TIMES.

NEW BRUNSWICK, Feb. 7.—At three o'clock this morning an extra freight train from Philadelphia, owing to a broken track, stopped on the bridge over the Raritan river for repairs. While waiting, the through southern freight, which left Philadelphia at 10.30 p. m., came dashing along through the city and not until within 500 feet of the caboose of the extra did the engineer see it. The brakes were applied to no purpose and the engine of the freight train struck the caboose of the extra and telescoped it in and broke the oil tanks, of which there were four in the train. An explosion followed immediately and the burning oil and wrecked cars were thrown over and down from the high bridge into the street below. The burning oil ran through the gutters down the streets into the Raritan canal. This being covered with ice the oil ran over the ice down the canal to the wall paper manufacturing establishment of Jayne and Co. This was soon totally destroyed, and seven dwellings opposite in the immediate vicinity of the collision and under the long railroad bridge. The building used as a box factory by the Consolidated Fruit and Jar Co. was destroyed. The flames then spread to the main factory of the company which was wholly destroyed. The fire was under control at 6 o'clock. It is thought that two brakemen on the oil train were burned to death. The loss is estimated between $800,000 and $1,000,000.

Strangers visiting the Mainland in search of town property, timber limits, or farming lands, should call on Rand Bros., real estate brokers, New Westminster, B. C. *

Prof. C. L. Robinson & Co.'s KING OF ACHE, cures liver complaint and kidney diseases, and all malarial affections.
ja-7 LANGLEY & Co., agents. *

The sooner you buy the more money you will make! Buy what, and where? Real estate at Coal Harbor and from Rand & Lipsett, real estate brokers, Victoria, B. C. *

Subscribe for the Weekly Times, the great family newspaper of the Pacific Northwest. Only $2 per annum.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

(THE TIMES wishes it to be distinctly understood that it is in no way responsible for, and does not necessarily agree with its correspondents.)

The "Colonist's" Blackguardism.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—No one is in a position to do more good in a community than the editor of a live newspaper, provided he adheres to a straightforward and manly course, but when one, occupying that honorable standing, prostitutes his opportunities, as the editor of the Colonist has been guilty of doing, and misrepresents the sayings and opinions of those who think differently to what he does, then such a journalist is unworthy of the patronage and esteem of all honest people. In fact, sir, the well-known character of the editor of that paper reminds one of the lad who stepped up to his mother and asked "if what everydue said was true," whereupon she answered, "that if everyone says a particular thing it must be true." Then, said the boy, "everyone says that you are an unprincipled old woman."

As to the childish ridicule of the Chronicle—Colonist, I mean—the general course of the latter journal is so suggestive of that of the former, I look upon it in same light as the man did who was kicked by a donkey, and who quietly remarked that he could not expect anything else from that quarter.

JOHN GRANT.

The Government and Its Duty.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—The Post of last evening suggests, by way of restoring tranquility at Metlakatlah, that Bishop Ridley be sent off.

Upon what grounds, I ask? Mr. Ridley is the person sent by the Church Mission Society to supersede a servant who had proved unfaithful, and asks only for the property of his employers. The two acres at Mission Point are proved to belong to them, and should be handed over to their representative.

It is true that matters were apparently quiet until about three years ago, but up to that time Duncan had been left severely alone, and it was then the public were first made aware of the true inwardness of things—the manner in which that person had for so many years abused the magisterial power committed to him, and of the hostility of the whites taught to the Indians by the missionaries generally. The good that Duncan has done is chimerical. The evil that he and others of that ilk have done is only too evident.

It is suggested that the Dominion Government be asked to restore order because that government has charge of Indian affairs. If an Indian misconduct himself on the streets of Victoria, Cariboo, or elsewhere within British Columbia, is the Dominion Government called upon to bring him to justice? Certainly not. The Province has done its own police duty in the past and should do it now. For twenty-five years I have lived and worked in the mines of British Columbia, and have observed and admired the certainty with which the law is executed. It is this certainty which gives it its efficacy and its reality. It is under this certain law that I and so many others of my calling desire to continue; (no more mission law if you please), and I do hope that the novices of the Dominion shall not be called in to settle our affairs. If nothing else were wanting to condemn at least two of the missionaries, viz: Duncan and Tomlinson, their conduct before the Commission is sufficient, and it is unfair to all that a full report of it should not have been printed.

One most pernicious concession has already been made in the matter of Ah Tah—there should be no more, or good bye to the authority of law and that respect for it which we have all so long and so cheerfully shown.

I think the Government sees clearly its duty and requires only the sanction of the House to enable it to do it.

VICTORIA, Feb. 5, 1885. MINER.

NEW TO-DAY.

W. E. CHAMBERLAIN & T. A. ROBINSON

PACIFIC Business College, 320 POST ST. SAN FRANCISCO.

LIFE SCHOLARSHIPS $75
No Vacations
DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS.

Ladies admitted into all departments.
Send for circulars.

For San Francisco.

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, Wells, Fargo & Co's Express, and Northern Pacific Express.

The Pacific Coast Steamship Co.'s Steamer

GEO. W. ELDER,

Will sail from Victoria wharf, outer harbor, for San Francisco on

THURSDAY, FEB. 12th, AT NOON

Intending Shippers are requested to make arrangements for Freight as early as possible, so that room may be reserved for their shipments. Freight for shipment by her is required to be on the wharf of the undersigned by 5 o'clock P. M., on Wednesday, February 11th.

For Freight and Passage apply to

WELCH, RITHET & CO.,
fo7 Agents.

City Auction Mart.

W. DUFOUR & CO.,

Real Estate, General Auctioneers

AND APPRAISERS.

Yates St., bet. Government & Broad,

VICTORIA, B. C.

THE MOST CENTRAL SALE ROOMS IN the city, offer their services in Town and Country in the above capacity.

Parties disposing of the whole or a portion of their Real Estate, Farm Stock or Household effects, will be consulting their own interests by favoring us with their commands.

Cash advances on every class of merchandise or effects for bona fide sale.

W. DUFOUR & CO,

NOTICE!

ALL THOSE INDEBTED TO THE FIRM of Calbreath, Grant & Cook, Chemar, are requested to call on the undersigned between now and the 1st February next, at the office of Rand & Lippett, second door from the Telegraph office, Victoria, to settle their indebtedness, or legal steps will be taken to collect the same.

JOHN GRANT.
Vict. is, Dec. 3rd, 1884. dc3-td

NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP IN THE BUSINESS carried on by the undersigned, under the firm name of "Huson and Moss," at Store street, Victoria, has been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will, in future, be carried on by Mr. Huson, who assumes all the assets and liabilities of the same.

A. W. HUSON,
MORRIS MOSS.

Witness: J. ROLAND HETT, Langley St.
Victoria, January 23, 1885.

PRIVATE BILL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT APplication will be made to the Legislative Assembly, of the Province of British Columbia, at the present session, for an act to incorporate a company for the purpose of constructing, maintaining and maintaining Water Works to supply the town of Esquimalt, the Royal Navy Dock Yard, the Royal Naval Hospital and the residents of the Peninsula bounded by Victoria Arm and Harbor, the Straits of Fuca and Esquimalt Harbor, and for the purpose thereof granting to the said company the privilege of taking water from Thetis Lake and Deadman's River, with power to the said company to build flumes, aqueducts, lay pipes erect dams, acquire lands and do all other acts and things necessary for the purposes aforesaid.

D. M. EBERTS,
Solicitor for Applicants.

Dated the 21st day of January, 1885.

Window Glass

CHANCEY'S 16-OZ.

All Sizes; from 7x9 Upwards.

For Sale at the

Victoria Sash and Door Factory.

Muirhead & Mann.

ja19

Esquimalt Mail Stage.

From and after this date the fare by the mail stage running between

VICTORIA and ESQUIMALT

Will be 15 cents each trip, or

EIGHT SINGLE TRIP TICKETS. $1

Apply at office of

W. G. BOWMAN.

Broad Street, opposite Trounce Alley.

Victoria, October 24, 1884 oct 24-1m

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

Grand Pacific Hotel.

Cor. Johnson and Store Sts., Victoria, B. C.

This new three-story fire-proof brick Building was expressly built for a hotel with 60 well-furnished rooms and is one of the best located Houses in the City.

$1.00 A DAY AND UPWARDS.

The bar will be found well stocked with the best brands of wines, liquors and cigars.

Billiards and Pool Tables.

DAVID ELLIS, (Late of the Commercial Proprietor.

NEW
COLONIAL HOTEL!

Columbia St., New Westminster, B. C.

This new and elegant hotel is NOW OPEN and ready for the reception of guests.

The building and furniture are entirely new throughout, and it is the

BEST FURNISHED HOTEL
IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The Building is Fire-Proof throughout, is most complete in all its appointments, and strictly First-Class.

Rooms may be secured by Telegraph.

J. E. INSLEY, Proprietor.

CHAS. WILSON, Manager.

dec5-tf

Special Notice.

NEITHER THE STEAMER ELIZA ANDERson nor the owners thereof will be responsible for debts contracted by any one, unless upon a written order signed by either Captain or Purser. By order

THOS. WRIGHT, Manager.

January 31, 1885. ja31-1m

Philharmonic Hall

J. P. HOWE - - - - MANAGER.

THE GREATEST PLAYS!
THE BEST COMPANY!

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 10th

4 FOR FOUR NIGHTS ONLY. 4

The Celebrated Dramatic Artists,

Joseph R. Grismer
AND
Pbœbe Davies,

And their Company of Superior Excellence, in the greatest and most popular plays of the day.

Tuesday Evening, MONTE CHRISTO
Wednesday, MICHAEL STROGOFF
Thursday, LIGHTS O' LONDON
Friday, Change of Bill.

Reserved Seats at M. W. Waitt's Book Store, without extra charge. fo5

LICENSING BOARD.

THE BOARD OF LICENSING MAGISTRATES will sit on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1885,

At 3 o'clock p. m., at Esquimalt, to consider the transfer and granting of such liquor licenses in Esquimalt district.

H. B. ROYCRAFT.
fo2 Supt. Prov. Police.

LICENSING BOARD.

THE BOARD OF LICENSING MAGISTRATES will sit on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1885,

At 2 p. m., at the School House, near the Royal Oak, Saanich Road, to consider the transfer and granting of new liquor licenses in the Victoria district.

H. B. ROYCRAFT.
Supt. Prof. Police.

WANTED

ADVERTISEMENTS under this head, three insertions, 50 cents; six insertions, 75 cents.

WANTED—Situation as a Dry Goods Salesman by a young man; 15 years experience; first-class references. THOMAS MATHEWS,
fo7 View St., near Cook.

WANTED—Dressmaking wanted by-day sewing. MISS McKAY,
fo7 Princess avenue.

WANTED—A gentleman, B. A., University of Paris, is prepared to teach the French language. Best references. Address
ja31-8t C. J., TIMES Office.

WANTED—A servant girl for a small family. Apply at THE TIMES Office. ja28-tf

WANTED—Nursing or day work, by a competent woman. Apply at
ja5 THE TIMES Office.

WANTED—To let, in a private family, one nicely furnished bedroom, also a suit of rooms. Address M. A., TIMES Office. de31

WANTED—The people to know that Neufelder & Ross keep the finest stock of fancy groceries for the holiday trade. no25-tf

WANTED—Five hundred new subscribers for the DAILY TIMES, which will be delivered at their residences for 25 cents per week.

100 GIRLS WANTED—To know that THE TIMES is the best medium for making known their wants to the public. The cost is only 50 cents for three insertions or six insertions for 75 cents.

WANTED—One thousand new subscribers for the WEEKLY TIMES, which contains 42 columns of solid reading matter every week, and is the best family newspaper in the Province. Subscription price only $2.00 per annum.

100 MEN WANTED—To learn that they can replace their announcements under this heading at the rate of only 50 cents for three insertions.

TRY IT—Try an advertisement under this heading if you require a situation. The rate is nominal—only 50 cents for three insertions.

PERSONAL.

ANY PERSON knowing anything of the whereabouts of one F. J. Sargent, who, it is supposed, was formerly employed on the pilot boat Mary Taylor, and who is supposed to have left this city about nine months ago for Port Townsend, will oblige by sending such information to THE TIMES Office.

FOR SALE.

3 EXCELLENT BUILDING LOTS ON COOK street—one corner lot—suitable for business purposes. Apply R., TIMES Office, fo2

A SCHOONER; 80 tons burthen; well found. Apply at THIS OFFICE. ja26-1m

For Sale Cheap.

A WELL-BUILT, COMFORTABLE HOUSE, standing in a large piece of ground on James Bay; has woodshed and all conveniences; good garden and well fine spring water. Within ten minutes walk of P. O. and five minutes of Beacon Hill. Apply at
CROASDAILE & JONES,
Real Estate Agents.

TO RENT.

TO LET.—Two furnished rooms, with or without board. Apply to
MRS. DUNCAN CAMERON,
Michigan St., or Mechanics' Store, Johnson St.
fo5-6t

TEMPERANCE SOCIETIES.

BLUE RIBBON CLUB.

AN ENTERTAINMENT IS GIVEN AT Temperance Hall every Saturday evening. Good Temperance speakers and Musical Selections, with Recitations, forming a good programme. The Blue Ribbon Band will be in attendance. All are cordially invited. Chair taken at 8 o'clock precisely. HENRY BUDGE, President.

THE Y. W. C. T. U. OF VICTORIA MEETS every 2nd and 4th Monday in each month at Temperance Hall, on Pandora st., at 7.30 p. m. A good programme and sociable time at every meeting. Strangers cordially invited. no5-tf

Perseverance Lodge No. 1. I. O. G. T.

MEETS EVERY TUESDAY EVENING AT Temperance Hall, Pandora street, at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.

COAL HARBOR

IMPORTANT TO INVESTORS.

Having opened an office in

GRANVILLE,

On Coal Harbor, and as we have for sale all the

Best Property in the Townsite,

Intending investors should call on us before purchasing, when we will take pleasure in showing them the different properties for sale. As the advantage of being able to buy on the ground is of the greatest importance, investors should not fail to take advantage of the facilities offered by us.

F.C. Innes & Co

To Contractors.

TENDERS will be received up to the 10th day of February next, for clearing, grading and bridging 20 miles of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway from Esquimalt northward.

Plans, specifications and bills of quantities can be seen at the Company's office, Victoria, B. C., where tenders are to be left.

Further information may be obtained on application to J. Hunter, Chief Engineer.

R. DUNSMUIR,
ja9 President E. & N. Railway Co.

WOOD! WOOD!

Tenders wanted for supplying

500 CORDS OF WOOD

To be delivered as required during the summer months at the Brick Yard.

Tenders for supplying 50 or 100 cords, or the whole quantity may be addressed up to the 14th of February to the undersigned.

M. HUMBER,
P. O. Box 220.

Prize List.

TORONTO EXHIBITION.

1880—First Prize Fire Proof Safes—
Goldie & McCulloch.
1882—Bronze Medal Burglar Proof Safes—
Goldie & McCulloch.
1882—Bronze Medal Fire Proof Safes—
Goldie & McCulloch.
1882—Silver Medal Fire and Burglar Safes—
Goldie & McCulloch.
1882—First Prize Combination Locks—
Goldie & McCulloch.
1884—Gold Medal (Highest Award ever given)
Goldie & McCulloch.

MONTREAL.

1881—Diploma— Goldie & McCulloch.
1882—First Prize and Diploma—
Goldie & McCulloch.
1884—Bronze Medal Fire Proof Safes—
Goldie & McCulloch.
1884—Bronze Medal Burglar Proof Safes—
Goldie & McCulloch.
1884—Silver Medal Fire and Burglar safes—
Goldie & McCulloch.

OTTAWA.

1884—Gold Medal— Goldie & McCulloch.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

1883—Silver Medal— Goldie & McCulloch.

The above are all the HIGHEST PRIZES awarded at the different Exhibitions.

G. ROBERTSON, Victoria,
Agent for British Columbia. dec10-1m

Geo. D. Clarke,

PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER,

DEALER IN

Waltham, Elgin and Nickle Watches.

Repairing of Fine Watches a Specialty.

Yates St., Opp. Bank B. N. A.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

LIMITED.

Taking effect from December 1st, Steamers will leave as follows, viz:—

EAST COAST ROUTE.

FROM VICTORIA FOR	MONDAY.	TUESDAY.	WED'SDAY.	THURSDAY.	FRIDAY.	SATURD'Y
Nanaimo & Intermediate Pts	7 A. M.	.....	7 A. M.	.....	7 A. M.	.....
Comox	.....	.....	7 A. M.	.....	.....	.....

FRASER RIVER ROUTE.

FROM VICTORIA FOR	MONDAY.	TUESDAY.	WED'SDAY.	THURSDAY.	FRIDAY.	SATURD'Y
Ladner's Landing, New Westminster and Pt Hammond	.....	7 A. M.	.....	.....	7 A. M.	.....
Plumper Pass	.....	.....	.....	.....	7 A. M.	.....
Granville, Moodyville, Pt Moody	.....	.....	.....	.....	7 A. M.	.....

NOTE—Freight for Hope, Yale and Points in the Interior must be shipped via Port Hammond. Shippers are requested to mark weight on each package.

For Burrard Inlet Ports—Steamer Otter, Capt. Moyer, will leave C. P. N. Co.'s wharf, Wednesday, February 11th, at 5 o'clock a. m.

No freight will be received after 5 p. m.

JNO. IRVING, Manager.

GUNSMITHS, ETC.

At Last!

HAS ARRIVED!

THOMAS THOMPSON,

Practical Gunmaker from Birmingham, England.

Has also had 22 years experience in the leading Fire-Arm Factories of the United States. Rifles recut and resighted. Sewing Machines repaired. Cutlery ground and set. Locksmithing and General Repairing done. All work guaranteed.

Shop—17 Yates St., next to S. L. Kelly & Co. P. O. Box 420. oct 15-tf

LIDDLE & KAEDING,

Sole Agents for the famous

Breech-Loading Shotgun of W. & C. Scott & Son, Parker Brothers, Colt, Remington, American Arms Company and C. Smith.

538 Washington St., San Francisco. oct 13-3m

The Terminus Question has been decided.

The Surveyors are now Locating the Extension to

VANCOUVER

On Coal Harbor,

Where we have for Sale the

Most Central Business Property,

Finest Water Frontage, and the

Best Situated Residential Property,

BY THE LOT,
BY THE BLOCK,
BY THE ACRE.

The Land immediately adjoining Granville is now being cleared and a rebate of Fifty per cent is now being offered to purchasers agreeing to build.

The owners of this property, while willing to give easy terms of payment, are ready to give a *clear and unencumbered title* to parties desirous of paying in full.

Now is your Time to Invest!

Plans and Price Lists can be had on application.

Robertson, McLagan & Co.,

Government Street.
VICTORIA.
Second door south of P. O.

HOWSE & RICKMAN,
LAND SURVEYORS.
Real Estate Brokers,
ACCOUNTANTS, Etc., Etc.
FRONT STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
Opposite C. P. N. Co's wharf
P. O. Box 61.

Garesche, Green & Co.,

BANKERS,

GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD, SILVER and U. S. Currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.

GOLD DUST & U. S. CURRENCY
PURCHASED AT HIGHEST MARKET RATES.

Sight Drafts & Telegraphic Transfers
San Francisco, New York & Canada.

Exchange on London,
Available in all parts of Europe, England Ireland and Scotland.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued on the Principal Cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.

Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

AGENTS FOR

JESSE MOORE'S

BOURBON WHISKEY.

TEAS! TEAS!

OPPENHEIMER BROS

Received per ship "Endeavour," direct from China the undermoted

CHOICE BRANDS OF TEA.

Extra Choicest Garden Cocked English Breakfast Congou Tea in 5lb cads and 27lb mats.
Choicest Fancy Rolled Leaf English Breakfast Congou Tea in 5lb cads; 27lb & 60lb mats.
Extra Choicest Formosa Oolong Tea in 5lb cads.
" Young Hyson, " "
" Orange Pekoe " "
" English Breakfast " 5 & 10lb tins
" English Breakfast " 5 & 11lb tins
" Uncolored Japan Tea in 5 & 11lb tins
" Japan Tea in 5lb cads.
" Japan Tea in 11lb papers.

WILL BE SOLD AT LOW PRICES.

fe2

GALT SAFES.

Received in store another car load (assorted sizes) per steamer Olympian.

These celebrated safes are first class in material and workmanship, and are warranted Fire Proof. The Prices are right.

G. ROBERTSON, Agent.
ROBERTSON, McLAGAN & Co.,
Estate Agents, Victoria.

For Naas, Skeena River and all way Ports.

THE FINE NEW SCREW STEAMER

"Barbara Boscowitz,"

Will sail for

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7th, 1885,

For Skeena river and all points on the Northern Coast.

For further particulars apply to

fe2 J. D. WARREN, Wharf St.

REMOVAL.

MISS C. A. KANE,

FASHIONABLE

DRESSMAKER,

Who has had years of experience in the large houses in New York city, has removed her Dressmaking Rooms from Fort St., opp. Mr. John Weiler's, to

DOUGLAS ST.

Four Doors Northof the Royal Hotel.

CUTTING AND FITTING A SPECIALTY.

Paper Patterns cut exactly to measure. fe2

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Saturday, Feb. 7, 1885.

Arrival and Departure of Steamers.

FOR PORT TOWNSEND and all points on the Sound.—O. R. & N. Co.'s steamers leave Victoria every morning, Sundays excepted, at 4 a. m.; standard time, or 3:45 Victoria time, making close connection with the N. P. R. at Tacoma.

FOR SEATTLE, via Port Townsend.—The Elsie Anderson leaves every Sunday, Wednesday and Friday morning at 3 a. m.

FOR NANAIMO.—The Enterprise leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 a. m., returning on the alternate days.

FOR NANAIMO.—The Amelia sails every Monday, Wednesday and Friday Morning at 7 o'clock.

FOR BURRARD INLET.—The Steam Schooner Grace leaves Turner & Co.'s wharf every Monday evening at 5 o'clock.

FOR NEW WESTMINSTER.—The Princess Louise leaves Tuesday and Friday at 7 a. m.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.—Steamer Idaho will leave Tacoma every Wednesday at 1 p. m.; Seattle at midnight; Port Townsend, Thursday at 6 a. m., returning leaves New Westminster via San Juan Island, every Saturday, at 6 a. m.; arriving at Tacoma on Sunday.

FOR NEW WESTMINSTER, PORT HAMMOND and way Ports.—The steamer Teaser leaves Turner, Beebe & Co.'s wharf Tuesdays and Fridays at 7 a. m.

CITY AND PROVINCE.

—Mrs. Smilow is rapidly recovering.

—Beautiful clear weather to-day.

—"C's" letter will appear on Monday.

—Steamer Eliza Anderson brought the Wilmington's freight from Seattle.

—The train reached Port Moody last night after being delayed for some time owing to a blockade.

—Blockade raised—Elgin Butter arrived at Neufelder & Ross.

—The remains of the late Mrs. Sleightholme arrived by the Elder and were interred at Ross Bay this forenoon.

—Messrs. Semlin, McLeese, Johns, Helgesen, Martin, McTavish, and several other gentlemen dined with the Lieutenant-Governor last evening.

—At the Blue Ribbon meeting this evening a little Canadian girl will sing a solo. This young lady is considered to possess a splendid voice.

—The proceeds of the performances by the amateurs of the Satellite, amounting to $86.39, has been paid over to the treasurer of the Protestant Orphans' Home.

—The French Benevolent Society elected the following officers last evening: Mr. Leslouis, president; Mr. Thos. Shotbolt, vice president; Mr. F. Wenger, treasurer; Mr. L. Stemler, secretary; Mr. F. R. Phillips, John Stephens and Peter Steele, directors. Dr. Milne was re-appointed medical attendant.

The Chinese Question.

The Ottawa correspondent of the Globe says that Mr. Shakespeare, M. P. for Victoria, B. C., has arrived in Ottawa to attend the session. In regard to the Chinese question he says the curse inflicted on British Columbia by the unrestricted immigration of Chinese is becoming more intense. They are driving the whites from the province. Early in the season a lot of workingmen, good industrious men, arrived from the east, but one hundred had to return for want of work. The people are in earnest as to the restriction of Chinese immigration. The Chapleau Chinese commission was a farce and a fraud unasked for by the people of British Columbia and not sanctioned by the Dominion parliament. The Local Legislature will again pass a prohibitive measure at its present sitting, and will in addition forward a resolution to the Dominion parliament embodying the views of the people on the erving grievance, which, he says, is driving away good settlers from the province and retarding the immigration of others.

Falling Timbers.

Yesterday afternoon, while three men were engaged in pulling down an old building on the site of the new theater, a portion of it fell and struck one of them. He was stunned by the blow, and considerably bruised, but no bones were broken, and he was able to walk home. Dr. Taylor was sent for, and attended to the injured man's wants.

Handsome Calendar.

Messrs. T. N. Hibben & Co. have issued a very handsome calendar. The scene represents a Christian martyr in a den of lions, taking a last look at some loved one among the spectators who had thrown a rose as a last token, before the wild beasts came out of their lair to devour her. It is really more of a picture than a calendar, and is ornamental as well as useful.

MARINE NOTES.

Barkentine Elise, lumber laden for Montevidio, is working down from Burrard Inlet.

Am. ship Corsica cleared early yesterday morning for Sydney.

Bark Haidee which left Liverpool Oct. 4th for this port is about due.

Ship B. P. Packard entered out at Liverpool, Jan. 16, for Port Moody, and ship James Drummond, Jan. 22.

Photographic.

If you wish to see some really fine, large photograph heads of children, finished in the highest style of the photographic art call at the studio of SPENCER & HASTINGS, Fort Street. *

Sound Passengers.

The following is the North Pacific's list of passengers to-day: M Arnold, J Jones, W Wartman, M Hankin, J Kennedy, M Moss, J Smith, J Gessford, W Hawkins, P D Romeo, G H Church and wife and 3 Chinese.

The Elsie Anderson brought the following passengers to-day: C F Clancy, J Freidman and wife, G Ripinsky, F Craig, G Rees, E W Taylor, Robt Carrie, Harry Busic, Wm Kidd, R Block, J E Neuman, C A Conner, A Willison, F C Colley, S Baker, G De La Cross.

From New Westminster.

The steamer Teaser to-day brought the following passengers: J Lee, Wm Down, — Leavy, W Smith, J Evans, Dr Willy, P Fitzgerald, J B Lovell, Wm Sell, F McLean, Wm Ford, — Cavin, J W Lester, C McQuaid, J James, — Mally, J Riley, — Monoson, P Evans, — Henderson, W Blank, — Hazzard.

The Princess Louise, brought the following passengers to-day: Miss T Lennons, Judge McCreight, I Oppenheimer, S Leiser, A Cowan, J Cambie, C Gordon, Roscow, Wood, Smith, Lamont, Lodge, M Brown, Gilberts, Palmer, Reese, McMillien, Dallway, A McCloud and 20 others.

Choice Stock.

The choicest and most extensive stock in Watches, Parisian Clocks, Diamond goods, Gold and Silver Jewelry and Electroplated ware has just been opened by us for the holidays. They will be sold low. We extend a cordial invitation to the public to inspect these really beautiful goods which are beyond praise.

G. W. A. LANGE & SON.

Regular shipments of Jules Robin & Co.'s celebrated Brandy are made at Cognac to the consignment of Robert Ward & Co., their agents at Victoria, by whom the local trade is supplied.

Buy Victoria property from Rand & Lipsett, real estate brokers, Victoria, B.C.*

Flour and Barley.

During the month of January there were shipped by steamer from San Francisco to British Columbia 1068 bbls of flour, valued at $4348, and 214 centals of barley, valued at $295.

Rand Bros., real estate brokers, New Westminster, have large lists of Coal Harbor property for sale. In a few weeks they will open an office at the terminus and will then show their patrons over the grounds. *

WARK VS. RAYMUR.

Completion of the Evidence and Addresses of Counsel.

DAMAGES FIXED AT $6,500.

FIRST DAY CONTINUED.

FRIDAY, Feb. 6th, 1885.

Court assembled at 2.25 o'clock.

Miss Jennie Wark was cross-examined by Mr. Wilson. The examination was very searching and was conducted skillfully by the learned counsel. A brief summary of the evidence is given. The witness testified that she dismissed the defendant in September 1882, on learning that he was engaged to another lady; she had mentioned the engagement to her mother; about one year afterwards the engagement was renewed; their interviews then were of a clandestine character as she did not want to let her mother know of their meetings, but she did not remember telling him not to let anybody know of their being friendly; she used to meet him at the gate, along the road or at the outer wharf; about the middle of May witness went through Mr. Burn's unfinished house with the defendant, but never accompanied him into any other unoccupied house; the first time of intercourse between them was at Sailor Bay, near the light house in June last; it was the consequence of a promise of marriage that she yielded to him; she would not have done so otherwise. She could not remember having discussed with him how to avoid unpleasant results. She consulted Dr. Helmcken, and he asked her if anybody had been fooling with her. She denied it to him. The defendant used to go by the house and whistle, and then she would go out. Swore positively that she never admitted him through her bedroom window; never placed a box to assist him in getting in. She did not tell him after consulting Dr. Helmcken that she was all right, but thought she was. She was taken ill in July and quit attending to household work in August; she only went to the drill shed once and was attended by a married lady; she was never told to go away from the drill shed; she did not intend to take poison; had bought a little laudanum but did not take any of it; she went to the naval ball on the 31st of October; her mother always knew when she went out with other persons; had never taken lunch with other officers; had been out with other young men but only one or two used to kiss her; never allowed married men to kiss her.

Hon. Mr. Davie asked to be allowed to place before the jury letters from the defendant to the witness. He did not wish to have them read in court, as there were the names of other parties mentioned in them.

Mr. Wilson claimed the privilege of perusing them, as there might be something new in them, and he had not the slightest idea of what their contents were.

Court then adjourned for 15 minutes, to allow Mr. Wilson to read the letters. When court reassembled, Mr. Wilson asked for a non-suit, as no evidence had been produced to connect the defendant with the case.

The Court refused to allow a non-suit, and Mr. Wilson addressed the jury on behalf of the defendant. He intended to try to prove that the girl had not been the victim of seduction in the common sense of the term.

Gordon Gamble testified that he had seen Miss Wark at the drill shed very often; had seen her there between 7 and 8 o'clock.

Mr. Wilson—Had she any nickname there?

An objection by Mr. Davie was sustained by the Court.

Witness continued—Said she was told that it was not a fit place for her but she said it was no one's business.

John Cook testified that he had seen Miss Wark in company with officers.

Hon. Mr. Davie again objected and the Court sustained the objection.

Charles Ireland was sworn and stated that he had frequently seen Miss Wark in the drill shed.

To the Question—"Was she in any room set apart for the officers of the school?"

Objection was taken and the Court sustained the point.

James L. Raymur, sworn—Examined by Mr. Wilson—Am defendant in the case; have never promised to marry Miss Wark; used to visit her up to September 1882, when she cut me; the acquaintance was renewed in November 1883, but never promised to marry her; first had intercourse with her in Mr. James Burns' unfinished house in April last; our appointments were made by telephone or verbally; had been in her bedroom; she placed a box beneath the window so that I could climb up; she told me one day that she was in the familyway and I asked her to go to California and I would assist her with money; I wished to avoid scandal.

Court then adjourned until 10 a. m., Saturday.

SATURDAY, Feb. 7, 1885.

Court opened at 10:05 o'clock a. m.

James L. Raymur, cross-examined by Mr. Davie—The ring which I gave Miss Wark had been given to another lady as an engagement ring, and had been returned.

Mr. Davie said that after the evidence which had been heard yesterday he would not cross-examine the defendant.

To Mr. Wilson—Gave the ring to Miss Wark after she consulted Dr. Helmcken. She said she was all right, and I gave her the ring as I did not intend to have anything to do with her.

Mr. Wilson, in addressing the jury, said in an action for damage a plaintiff must be able to show actual loss before he could recover. In the present case the daughter had been in the habit of rendering services, and the jury would be called on to decide whether there had been an actual loss of service owing to intercourse with the defendant. The evidence went to show that she was at present away from her father's house, partly on account of her own free will. There had been no evidence to show that in her condition she is unable to still do light household duties. Counsel said he intended to call evidence to prove certain facts, but had been unable to do so owing to an omission in cross-examination. A parent, in order to recover, must not have been neglectful of his parental duty. In the present case the father is the plaintiff, not the daughter, and he receives whatever damages may be awarded, consequently he must have done nothing to bring on the disgrace which has happened. The evidence shows that he has not exercised any parental authority. When young men called he retired to his room. When she was absent the doors were left unlocked for her, and now, although he was so neglectful that he did not keep the natural care over her, and never asked what the defendant's intentions were, he now comes before the Court and asks for $20,000. He did not value her when pure; he did not watch over her; he did not care for her; and now he asks a money compensation. He would not leave valuable property thus open; but the most valuable jewel is left unprotected and unwatched, and then he asks a money value. The practical case is that a reward is asked for gross negligence and cruelty to a child. There was no desire to speak harshly of the plaintiff, but it was preposterous for a man to ask a price for something he never valued. There were the questions whether there had been a service, what was the value of that service, and whether the plaintiff was entitled to recover damages. As an example of what would be thought of a husband who allowed his wife to have a latch key, to come in whenever she liked, and to take no notice, and then bring an action for damages. One point is that, if the father is entitled to a verdict, he may be only entitled to nominal damages. In her evidence the girl says that the promise was first made in June, 1882, and that when he asked her to forgive him she consented. Take her evidence as a whole, it showed that she was accustomed to meet the defendant clandestinely. This was on account of the father's action, and owing to his neglect to give proper teaching she makes a proposal for secret meetings. When they were not on speaking terms, the defendant proposed to her that they renew their acquaintance. She consents and at once suggests secret meetings, and this was kept up until it culminated in the alleged seduction. She claimed that it was on a promise of marriage that she yielded. This in effect was evidence that she bartered her honor for a promise of marriage. She had her wits about her, as she did not fall until she had made a contract, as contract it was. But the defendant claims that the first intercourse took place in an uninhabited house. It is almost impossible to consider more unromantic surroundings, or less liable to lead to the downfall of a virtuous girl than in an unfinished house. Why should a virtuous girl go into such a place at night? Is such a person entitled to sympathy? Is her father entitled to damages? Every question put to her was carefully considered by her with her veil down. There was no feminine weakness, but having deliberated on the question a plain answer was given. From the manner of giving her evidence it was apparent that she had not suffered very much. In regard to the notes produced, he had not had much time to read them, but he failed to see anything in them but the beginning and the end. They commence "My Darling Jennie" and ended "Yours lovingly J. R.," or something similar. These letters and notes had been carefully kept, so as to force the defendant into marrying her whether he loved her or not. She had tried to collect evidence to uphold a charge against him. The ludicrous side of the incident was that relating to the poison. She tells that the only reason she did not take the poison was that she thought it was too wicked. Is it not a pity, said counsel, that she did not on another occasion think that another act was too wicked? In cross examination the girl stated that she was only on one occasion at the drill shed, but two or three witnesses had testified that she had been there frequently, and she had been told to go home as that was no place for her. The reason it was not a proper place for her was that a young girl should not frequent a place where there were only a number of young men. Another point was that the jury must be satisfied that the young woman was pregnant by reason of intercourse with the defendant. While the jury are not to presume that the plaintiff's daughter has been guilty with any other person, still they must be satisfied that there is such proof as to show that the evil is the result of the defendant's act. This is not a case for sympathy with the girl, as this was brought by the father and by him alone, and he alone is entitled to any damages which might be awarded. The greatest crime the defendant had been guilty of was that of being found out. What he had done was what 99 men out of 100 would have done under the circumstances. It was a gross crime to deprive a girl of her virtue, but in this case she was a consensing party, and willing to barter her virtue for a promise of marriage. When a virtuous girl falls she does not continue in evil, she has a chance to retrieve. She can abstain from further intercourse and insist on reparation, but in the present case all defendant had to do was to whistle for her. There was as much wantonness in the case as seduction. The whole case may be summed up in this statement; a careless father, a wanton daughter and an amorous man.

His Lordship said he had not seen the letters yet and would like to read them.

Mr. Davie, in addressing the jury, said if the present case was not one of seduction he did not know what could be called such. The position assumed seems to be that the more unprotected a girl was the more she was exposed to the wiles of young men. The notes produced showed that the assignations were made by the defendant and not by the girl. There was no evidence to show that the girl was not attended by her mother or sister, when absent from home. The defendant denies that there was any promise of marriage at any time, but some of the letters, which will be submitted to the jury, would show that there had evidently been a promise of marriage. One, dated July, 1882, begins: "My darling Jennie," and complained that it was awfully lonely and he wished his pet was with him and bade his darling good-bye and sent kisses.

Counsel read from the law to show that a plaintiff is entitled to compensation for the loss of the society of his daughter and for the disgrace as well as for loss of services. The case of seduction had been plainly proved. The plaintiff would have done much better to have let the case go by default, as he had attempted to show that she had been guilty of immoral or loose conduct but not a tittle of evidence had been produced in support of the insinuation.

There was a distinct admission on the part of the defendant that he had seduced the girl, and it was shown that he was willing to marry her, but he could not get his mother's consent. This was proved by the wording of a letter as follows: "I have not told my mother yet and will not do so unless it is absolutely necessary, as I wish to spare her." This would not appear to be the conduct of a man who had been seduced by a woman, but rather of a man who had seduced a woman. And this man and his brother sat in court smiling and sneering, while the girl whom the eldest brother had ruined was giving her evidence.

The plaintiff was obliged to bring the case as the daughter was not able by law to bring the action. The amount of $20,000 should be given as a warning to other young men in the Province. There was no evidence to show that she had frequented the drill shed, and even if she had, that would not prove anything improper in her character. There was no limit to the amount of damages which the jury might award. They would consider the home which had been disgraced, and the aching hearts which had been caused by the action of the defendant. This was the first case of seduction in the Province, and he hoped it would be the last. He asked such a verdict at their hands as would be a lesson and a warning to others.

His Lordship, in charging the jury, said he had looked over the letters and had not found anything which might not have been printed in any paper. They all betokened affection and respect, but did not contain anything which would bear materially on the case. The difference between seduction and rape was that in the one case a man got possession of a woman by fraud and the other by violence. There were three things for the jury to decide, had the fact of service to the plaintiff by his daughter been established; was it proven that she was unable to perform these services owing to her connection with the defendant. If they thought these facts were proven it would then be for them to fix the amount of damages. He thought the facts were clearly proved, and they would in all probability find a verdict for the plaintiff. The poison matter had a very serious aspect. Good writers had pointed out that men did not know the agony and mental anguish which girls in her condition endured. They were liable at any time to resort to extreme measures. His Lordship severely commented on the conduct of the defendant and charged strongly against him.

Mr. Wilson asked his Lordship to direct the jury that they should not consider the loss sustained by the girl from any breach of promise of marriage.

This was done, and the jury retired at 11:45 a. m.

At a few minutes past 1 o'clock the jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff, fixing the damages at $6500.

The Court then adjourned.

A STRANGE CATASTROPHE.

A Man Killed in a Railway Accident who Can't be Found.

The railway accident at Smith's Falls, Ont., on the C. P. R., some two weeks ago, has since given rise to some startling developments. At the time of the accident, Malcolm McDonald was baggageman on the express and was supposed to have been killed. After the accident it was thought that McDonald had been killed instantly by the fall of the water tank on the baggage car, and that the body had been burned in the wreck. Immediately on getting the information about the accident Mr. Charles McDonald and Mr. Beares, brother and brother-in-law respectively of Malcolm McDonald, started for Smith's Falls to bring the body to Toronto.

ONLY ONE BODY FOUND.

On reaching the scene of the accident they learned that only a portion of the body of one of the two men—McDonald and Bonsecour—who had been cremated in the wreck, had been found.

Mr. Beares ascertained at Smith's Falls that the iron frame of a purse and a pocket-knife, had been found near the remains in question in the wreck, and these had been identified by Mrs. Bonsecour, the wife of the man who was lying in the car with a broken leg at the time of the accident, as her husband's property. In view of these reports, he

REFUSED TO ACCEPT THE REMAINS

As those of Malcolm McDonald. They say that Mr. Whyte stated to them that it was probable Malcolm McDonald's body had been thrown by the force of the crash into a part of the wreck that burned with greater fury than that part where they found the portion of one of the bodies, and he is of the opinion that McDonald's body was entirely consumed. Not a vestige of his body, nor of any of these articles was found in the wreck, although a thorough search was made and small articles were found, which it is known did not belong to him. A short distance to one side of the wreck were found McDonald's cap and order book, such as is generally used by baggagemen, and which he probably carried in his pocket. McDonald had a very nervous temperament and frequently expressed his horror at the thought of some day being caught in an accident while shut up in a baggage car. Putting all the facts together, Dr. King holds the theory that McDonald jumped before the train struck the water tank, that the fright and shock of the accident caused his mind to become impaired, and that in a demented condition he ran into the woods and probably froze to death.

A STRANGE DREAM.

A strange part of the case is a dream which is related by a sister of Malcolm McDonald, who resides on Richmond street, in Toronto. At the breakfast table on Saturday morning she told her friends in the house that she had had a peculiar dream about her brother Malcolm the night before. There was, she said, in her dream, a railway accident and Malcolm and two other men were in a car of the train in which the accident happened. Malcolm, she said it seemed to her, had jumped out of the car and had run across the track to the woods. The other two men, it seemed to her, had been caught in the accident. When this dream was related the girl had not heard of the accident, and the first intimation the family had of it was some hours afterwards. Dr. King had expressed the belief that Malcolm McDonald had not been killed and cremated in the wreck, before he heard of the dream, and now he feels that his theory is strengthened by it.

The fact that the accident took place within the limits of a town, surrounded by a thickly populated farming community, rendering it almost impossible for a man to wander off without being seen by some person, makes the mystery of the whereabouts of the man, dead or alive, still deeper.

Fire Suppression.

The test of hand grenades last night was not a success. A little hut was fired and after getting well started, about a dozen bottles were thrown in the burning building, but without having any noticeable effect in retarding the flames. Something was wrong, but exactly what that something was could not be found out. Water from the hydrants was used to extinguish the fire when it was found that the grenades could not do it. Mr. Dunsmuir and the Chief Engineer are entitled to the thanks of the community for their efforts to bring the merits, or practical usefulness, of these grenades before the public. Although their failure in this test was complete, their efficacy has been demonstrated in other cities, and it is possible that another trial under other circumstances might result differently here. At all events their usefulness will have to be fully established before any quantity of them can be sold in Victoria.

Alaskan Exploration.

The Secretary of the Navy has authorized Lieutenant Stoney to make further explorations in Alaskan waters. The plan of the expedition is in brief that Lieut. Stoney shall proceed to Mare Island navy yard and superintend the construction of a steam launch suitable for making the proposed exploration. Early in the spring the expedition will start from San Francisco. Its personnel will consist of Lieut. Stoney, Ensign Purcell, Passed Assistant Engineer Zane, Passed Assistant Surgeon Nash, and about ten more. These, together with the exploration launch, will be conveyed to the vicinity of Putnam river in a schooner, and further explorations will be commenced, and it is expected will continue for at least a year. Lieut. Stoney will leave Washington on Tuesday next for San Francisco, to begin preparations for the expedition.

POLICE COURT.

(Before Edwin Johnson, Esq., S. M.)

Annie, a Skeena Indian woman, drunk and disorderly, was fined $1.25.

Bing Long, charged with being in possession of stolen property, was remanded until Monday.

The case against Wm. Moore for infraction of the steamboat laws, was remanded until Monday and a warrant issued for the appearance of John Patterson, a witness in the case.

For regularity in quality and choice flavor, the Brandy of Jules Robin & Co., Cognac takes the lead. Their agents in Victoria, Robert Ward & Co., Wharf street, keep full stocks in bond or duty paid.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Morning Dispatches.

FROM THE SOUDAN.

The Situation is Still Unchanged.

Stewart Said to be in no Immediate Danger.

Wolseley Given Full Powers—Extraordinary Efforts of the Government.

HANLAN IS VICTORIOUS.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—London has hardly seen such another day as this of blank amazement, pain and wrath within the memory of man. In the city proper business has practically been suspended, and money went up with a jump. The clubs were all crowded early in the afternoon by men eager to gather news, and exchange prophecies and forebodings. All the evening papers had their presses running like mad from 11 o'clock in the forenoon to keep pace with the vast and sudden street and rural demand for extra copies. The Strand and Fleet street showed real signs of interest in the alarming news as the day wore on, a circumstance which is the rarest imaginable thing in undemonstrative London. The fall of Khartoum has been in fact, the only topic discussed. It is said further that Wolseley got word of Gordon's dire strait about the end of December, and that this fact decided him to make the perilous venture of sending General Stewart swiftly across the desert. Moreover, it is said that the alleged message from Gordon that Khartoum was all right, which was published a few days later, was a fraud. In the absence of details of the calamity the English mind is not diverted from its

FULL SWING OF FURY

Against Gladstone and his ministry. Never in my life have I heard a man denounced as he has been denounced today, seemingly by every one. The city proper is like one vast hissing globule of wrath. Not a word is heard anywhere in his defence. In stores and shops, in public places, in railway compartments, and generally on the streets there is one universal voice heard cursing him and his.

OLD ANGLO-INDIANS

To-night say that really the gravest features of the whole business is the destruction of British prestige in the eyes of the Indians, and that nothing short of doubling the Indian garrisons and killing El Mahdi at any cost will prevent a desperate uprising. Even without this element the question is menacing beyond precedent. It ought to be evident by this time that El Mahdi's resources and following have been

IDIOTICALLY UNDER ESTIMATED

From the start. This grand stroke on the part of the rebels will turn every wavering tribe on the desert to the side of El Mahdi. The wisest soldiers here fear that Gen. Stewart's force and the Royal Irish force on the way will both be overborne by sheer weight of numbers and massacred, and that even Lord Wolseley may have to fight for his life with the turn coat tribes in his rear. As for General Earle, the previous feeling turns now to conviction that only a miracle can save him when the news of the fall of Khartoum spreads over the country. Sir Henry Gordon, brother of "Chinese" Gordon, says he is of the opinion that El Mahdi's regulars, who submitted to Gordon in December, mutinied and betrayed the garrison.

Afternoon Dispatches.

Special dispatches to the THE TIMES.

At His Old Tricks.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Feb. 7.—The great sculling match between Ed. Hanlan, of Toronto, and Clifford, of Australia, took place to-day in presence of an immense crowd. Hanlan came in six lengths ahead. There was great excitement.

Revenge for Stewart.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—A dispatch from Meriwa says the Black Watch and Staffordshire regiments have passed the Bahami Cataract. On their way they destroyed the houses of Suelunan Wad-Ganez, who perpetrated the massacre of Colonel Stewart and party. The rebels abandoned Shakvok Pass, and much ammunition and grain was found there. The Cornwall regiment is now passing the Cataract.

Crowded with Arabs.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—The Telegraph received a dispatch from its special correspondent at Abukra, on the Nile, not far from Metemmeh. The dispatch is dated Feb. 1st, and says that Col. Wilson's party state that Khartoum fell on Jan. 27th. The river banks above, the sixth cataract, are crowded with Arabs. Mahdi, in a letter, is calling on our officers to surrender. Surrender implies that Gordon is alive. Stewart expects to be closely invested here.

Serious State of Affairs.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—Dispatches from Korti to-day indicate a serious state of affairs at the British position near Metemmeh. Lord Wolesely telegraphs the War Office that a courier just arrived from Gubat reports Col. Boscower, commander at that place seriously ill, and Mahdi's forces preparing to attack the British camp. The Arabs have several heavy guns, which are being gradually placed in position to bear on the British camp, other field pieces being manuvered for the same purpose. Natives report that Mahdi has thirty thousand men scattered between Berber, Shendy and Metemneh, and the force at the latter place is daily receiving reinforcements. The Cabinet met at noon to-day.

Couriers to Arrive.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—Dispatch from Wolseley's headquarters states that couriers accompanied by an escort, are now on their way across the Bayonda desert, and are expected to arrive at Korti to-night. The couriers convey the report of Lord Beresford's attempt to rescue Col. Wilson and party from the island in the Nile, where they have been penned in by hostile Arabs.

ROCKFORD

QUICK TRAIN WATCHES.

Unequalled in Exacting Service. Used by the U. S. Coast Survey, U. S. Naval Observatory, by Locomotive Engineers and other Railway men. They are recognized as THE BEST. Sold in principal cities and towns by exclusive Agents (leading jewelers), with a full warranty

G. W. A. LANGE & SON.

VICTORIA.

Sole Agents for British Columbia

Cabinet Council.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—The cabinet council has adjourned; has been in session three and a quarter hours. The residence of Gladstone, at Hawarden, has been placed under special police protection.

Detective Force.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—The home office has organized a special detective force for the protection of public buildings. All men selected for this extraordinary force have been taken from the ranks of the Irish constabulary, and picked out with special reference to their acquaintance with the designs of Fenians and their knowledge of Fenians.

Five Thousand Troops.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—It is stated that the government is prepared to send 5000 troops into the Soudan. All political parties express warm sympathy with England and a strong desire for close allowance is evident. Italian statesmen now see an opportunity for Italy to assert for herself a position among the first powers of Europe.

Very Latest.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—On his way from Gubat to Khartoum, January 26, Col. Wilson was told by natives along the Nile that Gordon had been fighting hard for fifteen days. On January 27, the natives reported Gordon dead. On the return from Khartoum to Gubat, several natives reported to Wilson's party that Gordon and all the troops who stood by him had been captured by El Mahdi's men and put to death by the latter. During the return journey, several Shagiyeh men came on board Col. Wilson's boat and declared it was the intention of their tribe to join the Mahdi. These men said Gordon, Consul Nicoli, fifty Greeks and some soldiers were pressed to desperation, and shut themselves in the Catholic church, whither they had removed a quantity of ammunition and provisions. Advices from Gubat, dated February 1, give a gloomy statement about the condition of Stewart's little army there. Men had been placed on three-quarter rations; these had been once supplemented with a bowl of beans and fresh meat. The camels had plenty of forage. Shendy, on the opposite bank of the Nile, and Metemneh, three miles from Gubat, were occasionally shelled by the steamer. Troops are busily employed clearing ground in front of the camp, and in entrenchment work at adjoining villages. The main earthworks erected for the protection of the camp from the river front has already been greatly strengthened. It was calculated they would be completed that night. Several men had been wounded in recent battles and died in camp since the arrival of the army at Gubat; others are doing well. The remainder of the Royal artillery and naval brigade with ten guns, including one gardner, have arrived. A convoy has been sent back to Gakdul Wells for more stores and to take the wounded along.

Cabinet Meeting.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—The cabinet meeting to-day was prolonged until 3:35 p. m. Messages were dispatched every few minutes, between Downing street and the War Offices and Admiralty.

The Congo.

LISBON Feb. 7.—The Government's Angola agent announces that Portugal seized both banks of the lower Congo river, between the 5th and 18th of Jan.

20,000 Troops.

CAIRO, Feb. 7.—Sir Evelin Baring, British Consul General, has telegraphed to the Government, advising the dispatch of 20,000 Indian troops for service in Egypt.

Not at that Table.

ROME, Feb. 7.—Michael Davitt on his arrival on Thursday last, went to the English Hotel but was compelled to seek other quarters because the English guests at the house refused to sit at the same table with him.

Italians for the Soudan.

ROME, Feb. 7.—An Italian expedition, consisting of 1500 men, is ordered to proceed at once to Suakim. It is reported that 12,000 more troops are being mobilized for service in Egypt.

A French Gain.

PARIS, Feb. 7.—Official dispatches from Tonquin state that the French forces, on their way to Langson, captured a detachment of Chinese troops, entrenched at Dong Song. The French casualties were slight. The march to Langson will be continued without delay.

Chinese Losses.

PARIS, Feb. 7.—General Brier de Lisle telegraphed yesterday to the Government from Dong Song, as follows: "Our troops yesterday carried three forts commanding the Chinese camp. They displayed such spirit, decision and dash that night alone checked their zeal. At daylight the whole camp of the enemy was captured. Our losses are slight. The enemy were driven to Mandarin road.

Anarchists Executed.

BERLIN, Feb. 7.—Reinsdorf and Reuchler, sentenced to death some weeks ago by the imperial court at Leipsic, for attempting to cause the death of the emperor and royal persons at the Neider-wild celebration, were executed at eight o'clock this morning at the hall. The execution took place in the prison.

Heavy Failure.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 6.—Bruff, Maddax & Faulkner, wholesale dry goods, made an assignment to-day. Liabilities, $300,000.

VANCOUVER.

COAL HARBOR.

Messrs. F. C. Innes & Co. having opened an office at Granville, on Coal Harbor, intending investors can now avail themselves of the opportunity offered by examining, and purchasing directly upon the ground. The advantage of doing so is obvious, therefore, before investing your money you should see Coal Harbor and call upon Messrs. F. C. Innes & Co. at the same time. *

The favorite importation from Cognac is the choice Brandy of Jules Robin & Co., in octaves, casks and flasks, and the local trade is supplied by Robert Ward & Co., Wharf street, sole agents for British Columbia.

THE SAN JUAN TRAGEDY.

Particulars of the Murder of Two Men and Burning of the Murderer's Cabin.

The Seattle papers contain further particulars of the triple tragedy on San Juan. On Thursday of last week a young Englishman by the name of James Baker left Friday Harbor for Shaw's Island, five miles across the channel, on a hunting expedition. Not returning when he promised, some of his friends went in search of him. They inquired at the cabin of an old rancher named Hugh Park for information, and were warned by him to leave at once or he would kill them. The man acted so strangely that they immediately beat a hasty retreat, when they were fired upon by Park.

SEEKING THE SHERIFF'S AID.

They then recrossed to Friday Harbor and swore out a warrant for Park's arrest, and in company with Sheriff Kelly of San Juan county, and his posse, returned to Park's ranch. They approached to a barn only a few rods distant from the cabin but did not dare to go any nearer. Sheriff Kelly who was well acquainted with Park, called from the barn if he could stay all night with him. Park replied that he could not. Kelly then asked him if he would give him a drink of water, and Park answered that if he would approach he would give him a drink of hot blood.

DISCOVERY OF BAKER'S BODY.

The party then watched the house expecting Park would come out. During the day they discovered a pool of blood near the cabin, and upon further examination found the body of Baker a short distance therefrom. The circumstances indicated that Baker had been slain on the former spot and his body dragged to the latter. Upon the discovery of Baker's body the party became satisfied that Park was the cause of his death while in an insane fit. The sheriff called upon him to come out, and upon repeated calls by him and refusal on the part of Park to comply, the sheriff's party opened fire on the cabin. The warfare then began in earnest. Park knocked some of the chinking out between the logs of his cabin and made port-holes, and returned the fire, and as he was well supplied with firearms and ammunition, his position was almost impregnable.

THREE DAY'S SIEGE.

This siege was kept up from Friday morning until Monday noon with no extraordinary developments. Park remaining very quiet within the cabin. On Monday morning, after the party had been very quiet for six hours, and had not done anything within that time to disturb Park, and hearing nothing from within the cabin during that time, expecting that he was either asleep, exhausted from his three days and nights' vigil, or that he was dead, one member of the sheriff's party a young man by the name of Wilbur Wilson, volunteered to approach the house and ascertain the condition of its inmates.

THE SECOND VICTIM.

As Wilson approached the door he saw an axe lying close thereto, and taking it up, struck the door a blow therewith and it flew open easily. There were no signs of life within the cabin. Wilson, as the door opened, sprang back, but as Park did not materialize, he gathered courage and approached the door a second time. Just as he neared the door, he must have seen Park crouched back of the stove with his rifle pointing straight at him, as the shot that Park fired passed through Wilson's hand and entered his head below the eye, indicating that Wilson saw the situation, and put up his hand as it to ward off the bullet. Wilson was immediately killed, and fell backward with his feet toward the cabin door.

FIRING THE CABIN.

They then determined to fire the building. The barn at which the besiegers lay was situated on a gradual rise from the cabin and they rolled a large ball of hay and saturating it with kerosene set it on fire and rolled it down the incline toward the cabin, against which it lodged and soon set fire thereto. The cabin burned half down and then fell in. Park never attempted to escape, but in desperation fired two shots.

THE REMAINS.

As soon as the cabin fell in, the flames were at once extinguished. The remans of Park were considerably charred. There were no marks of violence on his body, except on his left leg, which was broken midway between the knee and ankle. There was no evidence on his body to support the theory of suicide before the fire began to deal death. His hands fell off as his remains were being taken from the ruins of the building.

HUGH PARK.

Was a Scotch-Canadian, about 45 years of age. He had lived on his ranche on Shaw's Island, the scene of the terrible massacre as it were for thirteen years during which time he had accumulated quite a deal of property and was estimated one of the wealthy farmers of San Juan Islands. He was a very eccentric man and his neighbors were in the habit of talking to him about buying him out and he became seized with the idea that they were scheming to kill him and get his property.

New Books.

Joseph Cook's Boston Lectures.
Peck's Boss Book.
Sensitive—"As Avon Flows."—Vince.
"Tumbledown Farm"—Muir.
"Madam"—Oliphant.
Franklin Squares—"Tie and Trick"—Smart.
"Under which King"—Reade.
"Philistia"—Power.
"Post and Finish"—Smart.
At J. B. FERGUSON & CO.'S.

$25, $50, $75, $100.

Lots at Coal Harbor at above prices for sale by Rand & Lipsett, real estate broker, Government street, Victoria, B. C. *

Pure wines, pure liquors and cigars at Fell & Co's

Plum Puddings and Mince Meat for sale at Fell & Co.'s, Fort street.

Wax Candles for Carriage Lamps, at Fell & Co.'s.

Convenient for Reference.

The B. C. Directory (1884-5) is at present in progress of publication by R. P. Williams, who will spare neither expense nor labor to make it complete in every respect. All subscribers' names will appear in large type. Mr. William Wolf is the authorized canvasser for the Province.

J. BAGNALL & CO., Victoria, B. C., the only exclusive Music House in British Columbia. The largest stock of Pianos and Organs in the Province. A complete assortment of everything in the musical trade.

Robt. T. Williams, Book Binder, Paper Ruler and Blank Book Manufacturer. Maps and Surveying Paper Mounted. Office at the B. C. Directory, Broad st.

The Daily Times.

Victoria. Saturday, Feb. 7, 1885.

TWO STREET CAR INCIDENTS.

A Man's Ill-Concealed Grief and a Woman's Stratagem.

The whole world is ashamed of its tears. It wants everybody to know when it rejoices and see its smiles; but it hides its wounds and weeps alone.

Tears are useful as emotional jewels in literature, but in real life they are not respected.

On a street car one day I saw two examples of the bitterness of tears which could not be concealed from the public's unsympathetic gaze.

A good looking young German, of the comfortable middle class, got aboard. The conductor collected his fare and the car jolted on, the business of perforating each other with their eyes being continued by the silent passengers, with the customary inflexible impudence and insistence.

The young German was uncomfortable. He was suffering mental anguish, and was making heroic efforts to conceal it from the piercing rows of eyes opposite him. The muscles of his smoothly shaven face twitched nervously: he moved uneasily in his seat and vainly tried to find a way to look which would give some relief. Of course everybody saw his embarrassment and looked at him with special interest. Ordinary humanity is not overcharged with delicacy; even when it is most sympathetic.

The young man furtively wiped his eyes, which were gushing with tears, while affecting to merely rub off his forehead. He turned around and looked out of the window behind him, and held his face steadily toward the sky to keep the tears from escaping in a trickling stream down his face. More staring; more curious interest in his ill-concealed tortures.

In his desperation he forgot that he had paid his fare, and, fishing in his pocket, brought to light another nickel which he handed toward the conductor. That functionary saw but did not accept the coin. He simply helped the passengers to look at him.

"Did I pay my fare?" asked the poor man, trying to control the sobs in his voice.

"I guess so," answered the conductor.

Then the German's self control gave way, his nervous tension snapped, and as the copious tears gushed forth, he wailed: "Oh, my little girl is dead, and I don't know what I'm doing."

The passengers were touched, but they did not take their eyes from him, and it was no time to put their sympathy in words. Unable to endure their gaze in his broken condition, the young man suddenly left the car. His honest grief could not be carried in the sight of other human beings, all of whom had suffered and wept, like himself.

He had scarcely disappeared when a young girl and an elderly woman entered together. The girl's eyes were swimming in tears which soon refused to stay within the proscribed limit, yet the thought of letting all these strangers see her weep was even bitterer than the sorrow that had started her to weeping. The elder woman looked troubled, but she had stronger nerves. She whispered to her companion: "Hold your handkerchief to one eye all the time, then everybody will think that your eye, not your heart, has been hurt."

The young girl acted on the suggestion without replying. She held the handkerchief in a wad over right eye, as though it could not bear the light, and continued to weep without attracting attention. The other passengers saw nothing but a woman with a disabled eye, and after a glance or two ceased to look at her. I was struck with the wisdom of the sad little stratagem. A wound in the eye was not a thing to be ashamed of. It excited no morbid curiosity or humiliating pity; but a wound on the soul must be hidden.

ALICE LEE WATSON.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 22.

GOD'S CHANNEL.

Like to the channel of a mighty river,
God made the heart of man, a glorious source
Thro' which He means his bounties to deliver;
Wealth, love, or learning to speed on their course
To all this suffering world. He who retains
The riches of his purse, or soul, or brains

For his own use, defies God's grand endeavor,
And chokes with weeds of pride and selfishness,
And rank, vile growths, the bedway of that river,
Whose stagnant waters—meant to heal, and bless—
Grow poisonous in their turbid overflow,
And breed disease, and countless crimes, and woe.

Is thy life crowned by knowledge, or affection?
Hast thou been prospered in a worldly way?
In thy heart's channel gaze with close inspection—
See if foul weeds fill up its course to-day.
Or do its wholesome waters run forth free,
So men may drink and share thy joy with thee?

ELLA WHEELER WILCOX.

MERIDEN, Ct., Oct. 21.

Rum Rendered Innocuous.

[Chicago Tribune.]

The London Standard of Oct. 9 suggests a possible compromise of the liquor controversies. It is as follows:

It is seriously announced that the chief stimulant to be served out to our men during the coming Nile expedition will be a kind of rum which is not rum, but that beverage minus its alcoholic properties. As, however, no paraphrase of the report could convey its meaning better than the words of the reporter, they shall be given entire as follows: "The chief stimulant for ordinary use among the men engaged in the Nile flotilla will be rum, which is being sent out in large quantities from the Royal victualing yard at Deptford, where, by a special process, the heavy portion of the alcohol is got rid of and that of lighter specific gravity is retained, thereby rendering the rum light and exhilarating instead of stupefying and intoxicating. The scientific treatment to which the rum is subjected removes, with the heavy spirit, all its irritating properties and renders the troops who drink it cheerful without being excited and quarrelsome."

If this be indeed a veracious statement—and it is manifestly published in good faith as an ordinary item of news—then the chemist attached to the Royal victualing yard at Deptford has made a discovery which should earn for him the undying gratitude of mankind. If it be true that he can treat rum in this manner his process should apply to all spirits, wines, and malt liquors from imperial Tokay to table beer. What will science not do to alter and transform the very surface of the earth, the joys and griefs of an elder world, and the manners and customs of antiquity!

Mgr. Capel said in a lecture in New York the other night: "The worship of the golden calf is as certain in your great cities as it ever was under Sinai."

"I Have Suffered."

With every disease imaginable for the last three years. One Druggist, E. J. Anderson, recommending "Hop Bitters" to me I used two bottles Am entirely cured, and heartily recommend Hop Bitters to every one. J. D. Walker, Buckner, Mo.

I write this to a Token of the great appreciation I have of your Hop Bitters. I was afflicted With inflammatory rheumatism For nearly Seven years, and no medicine seemed to do me any Good! Until I tried two bottles of your Hop Bitters, and to my surprise I am as well to-day as ever I was. I hope "You may have abundant success" "In this great and" Valuable medicine. Anyone wishing to know more about my cure? Can learn by addressing me, E. M. Williams, 1103 16th street, Washington, D. C.

I consider your Remedy the best remedy in existence For indigestion, kidney Complaint "And nervous debility. I have just" Returned "From the South in a fruitless search for health, and find that your Bitters are doing me more Good! Than anything else; A month ago I was extremely Emaciated! And scarcely able to walk. Now I am Gaining strength and "Flesh!" And hardly a day passed but what I am complimented on my improved appearance, and it is all due to Hop Bitters. J. Wicklife Jackson, Wilmington, Del.

☞ None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

SAN FRANCISCO ADVERTISEMENTS.

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Stock Brokers,
411 California St., San Francisco.

STOCK BOUGHT AND SOLD AND CARried on margin.
Money to loan in large and small amounts on Mining Stocks. Stocks paid for the same day as sold. Assessments paid and dividends collected without charge.
Special attention given to all orders from the country. oc9-3m.

Only "PEBBLE" Establishment. 1868 1884

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SAN FRANCISCO.
SPECIALTY FOR 33 YEARS.

The most complicated cases of defective vision thoroughly diagnosed, free of charge. Orders by mail or express promptly attended to.
Compound Astigmatic Lenses Mounted to Order. Two Hours' Notice.

N. W. SPAULDING SAW COMPANY.

Manufacturers of SPAULDING'S
Inserted Tooth AND CHISEL BIT CIRCULAR SAWS.
THIS SAW NEVER CLOGS
or chokes in the cut, it is a free and easy cutter, frees itself perfectly in all kinds of lumber. The bits Never work loose.
IT REQUIRES NO SKILL
to keep the saw in order. Anyone using the old Spaulding teeth can use these bits by sending their saws to us and having the bit holders fitted into the sockets.
SAW MILLS AND MACHINERY
of all kinds made to order. Send for descriptive catalogue. 17 and 19 Fremont Street. San Francisco.

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LAUNDRY, - VICTORIA WEST
OFFICE — Government Street, Over Louden House.
TELEPHONE CALL 61.

This Company has been formed for the purpose of purifying and
Doing up Every Description of Wearing Apparel by Steam.
AT REASONABLE RATES and with an expedition heretofore unknown in Victoria.
Soiled Garments delivered to our carriers will be returned, if required, the same day.
Experienced Laundrymen from San Francisco will be engaged, and all work done by us will be guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.
Wagons will collect and deliver clothes at customers' residences daily.

Plain and Fancy Articles Done Up.

FLANNELS and BLANKETS and Lace Curtains washed and ironed by an improved process.
JOHN. A FRASER, Manager.
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ESTABLISHED 1864.

A. & W. WILSON,
Plumbers, Gas Fitters,
BELL HANGERS AND TINSMITHS.
Dealers in Best Descriptions
Heating and Cooking Stoves. Ranges, Etc.
FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
TELEPHONE CALL, 126. (1)

International & Colonial Exhibitions

ANTWERP IN 1885—LONDON IN 1886.

IT IS THE INTENTION TO HAVE A Canadian representation at the International Exhibition at Antwerp, commencing in May, 1885, and also at the Colonial and Indian Exhibition in London in 1886.

The Government will defray the cost of freight in conveying Canadian Exhibits to Antwerp, and from Antwerp to London, and also of returning them to Canada in the event of their not being sold.

All Exhibits for Antwerp should be ready for shipment not later than the first week in March next.

These exhibitions, it is believed, will afford favorable opportunity for making known the natural capabilities, and manufacturing and industrial progress of the Dominion.

Circulars and forms containing more particular information may be obtained by letter post if addressed to the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.
By order JOHN LOWE, Secy. Dept. Agriculture.
Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, December 19, 1884. ja12-6t

VICTORIA POST OFFICE GUIDE.

FEBRUARY, 1885.

TIME TABLE OF ARRIVAL AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

CLOSE.	PLACES.	DUE
Tuesday and Friday, at 6.45 a. m.	NEW WESTMINSTER, Barrard Inlet, Granville, Moodyville and Ladner's Landing, Yale, Port Moody, Maple Ridge (Port Haney), Matsqui, Emory, Ferny Coombe, Lytton, Dryporch and Spences' Bridge, Harrison river, Lulu Island and Chilliwhack.	Wednesday and Saturday, at 3 p. m.
Fridays at 6.45 a. m.	LAC LA HACHE 120 Mile House, Soda Creek, Alexandria, Quesnelle, Barkerville, Lillooet, Pavilion, Alkah Lake, Dog Creek, Big Bar Creek.	Saturday at 3 p. m.
Tuesday and Friday, at 6.45 a. m.	CLINTON	Wednesday and Saturday at 3 p. m.
Fridays at 6.45 a. m.	DUCK & PRINGLE, Spallumcheen, Okanagan, Okanagan Mission and Priests' Valley.	Saturday at 3 p. m.
27th, 6.45 a. m.	OSOYOOS, Penticton, Similkameen and Rock Creek	Within 3 weeks after date of departure.
Tuesdays and Fridays at 6.45 a. m.	KAMLOOPS, Ashcroft, Cache Creek and Savonas Ferry	Wednesday and Saturday at 3 p. m.
Fridays at 6.45 a. m.	PLUMPER PASS	Saturday at 3 p. m.
Tuesday, 6.45 a. m.	NICOLA and Douglas Lake	Saturday at 3 p. m.
Monday, Wednesday & Friday, 6.45 a. m.	NANAIMO, Wellington, Cowichan, Maple Bay and Chemainus	Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4 p. m.
Wednesday and Friday at 6.45 a. m.	SALT SPRING ISLAND	Thursday and Saturday at 4 p. m.
Friday, at 6.45 a. m.	BURGOYNE BAY Gabriola Island and Beaver Point.	Saturday at 4 p. m.
Wednesdays, 6.45 a. m.	COMOX, and Quadra, (Baynes Sound)	Saturday at 4 p. m.
8 a. m., 11 a. m., 2 p. m. and 5 p. m.	ESQUIMALT—Four times daily	9.30 a. m., 12.30 p. m., 3.30 p. m. & 6 p. m.
Tuesdays, at 8 a. m.	SOOKE, Metchosin and Colwood	Mondays at 3 p. m.
Tuesdays at 12 m., and Friday at 6.45 a. m.	SAANICH	Tuesdays at 9 a. m. and Thursday at 3 p. m.
24th at 7 p. m.	KOOTENAY, Joseph's Prairie and St. Eugene Mission	Within 15 days from date of departure.
23d at 7 p. m.	PORT WRANGEL, Sitka, Harrisburg and Juneau City, via Port Townsend, W. T.	Uncertain
Daily at 7 p. m.	EASTERN PROVINCES, Manitoba, United States, Great Britain and Europe, via Port Townsend, W. T.	Daily, at 1 p. m.
Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday at 7 p. m.	MANITOBA, and Intermediate Territories.	Tri-Weekly
4th 12th, 20th and 28th, at 11.30 a. m.	SAN FRANCISCO, Direct	Every 6 days
4th at 11.30 a. m.	AUSTRALIA and New Zealand	Uncertain
12th, 19th and 27th, at 11.30 a. m.	CHINA and Japan	Uncertain
12th, 20th and 28th, at 11.30 a. m.	SANDWICH ISLANDS	Uncertain
12th and 27th, 11.30 a.m.	PANAMA and South America	Uncertain

List of Post Offices in British Columbia at which Money Orders are Issued and Paid.

Barkerville, Chilliwack, Clinton, Comox, Granville, Kamloops, Ladner's Landing, Lytton, Maple Bay, Nanaimo, New Westminster, Quesnelle, Soda Creek, Spences' Bridge, Sumas, Victoria, Wellington, Yale.

Licensed Stamp Venders in Victoria.

Messrs. T. N. Hibben & Co., Government Street.
Messrs. M. W. Waitt & Co., Government Street.
Mr. H. Gribble, Government Street.
Mr. C. Morton, Government Street.
Messrs. J. B. Ferguson & Co., Government St.

R. WALLACE, Postmaster.

Estate of Michel Camsusa, Deceased.

CREDITORS are requested to send their claims and debtors to pay their accounts forthwith to Messieurs L. E. Edmond & J. Coignacrique, Victoria, the Executors of the estate of the deceased.
J. ROLAND HETT,
Solicitor for the Executors.
Langley St., Victoria, December, 22, 1884.

Estate of Thomas Ralson, Deceased.

CREDITORS are requested to send their claims, and debtors to pay their accounts forthwith, to Mr. Henry Cogan, Metchosin, or to Mr. C. B. Ralson, Comox, the Executors of the will of the deceased.
J. ROLAND HETT,
Solicitor for the Executors
Langley St., Victoria, December 22, 1884.

Administrator's Notice.

In the Goods of Frederick Black, Late of Cassiar, Deceased.

All persons having claims against the estate of the deceased are hereby requested to send in their accounts to John Grant, of Victoria, administrator, on or before the 1st day of February, 1885, and all persons indebted to the above estate must pay their accounts forthwith to the administrator.
D. M. EBERTS,
Solicitor to the Administrator.
Victoria, Dec. 18, 1884.

Administrator's Notice.

In the Goods of Lawrence Redmond, Late of Cassiar, Deceased.

All persons having claims against the estate of the deceased, are hereby requested to send in their accounts to John Grant, of Victoria, administrator, on or before the 1st day of February, 1885, and all persons indebted to the above estate must pay their accounts forthwith to the administrator.
D. M. EBERTS,
Solicitor to the Administrator.
Victoria, Nov 27 1884. nov27-td

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R. R. Co.

NOTICE.

THE PLAN AND BOOK OF REFERENCE of the Lands required by the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway Co., in the Districts of Esquimalt District, Goldstream, and the piece of land lying between Goldstream and the Southern Boundary of Shawnigan District, have been deposited in the office of the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, Victoria.
CHAS. E. POOLEY Secretary.
Dated Victoria, 8th Jan., 1885. ja6

Esquimalt & Nanaimo R. R. Co.

NOTICE

THE PLAN AND BOOKS OF REFERENCE of the Lands required by the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway Co., in the Districts of Shawnigan District, Cowichan District, Quamichan District, Somenos District and Chemainus District, have been deposited in the office of Mr. Henry Fry, Government Agent, Cowichan.
CHAS. E. POOLEY, Secretary.
Dated Victoria, 5th Jan., 1885. ja6

PORT WINE.
Cockburn, Smithes & Co.,
Oporto and London.

TURNER, BEETON & CO.,
Have been appointed Agents for the above firm.

Just landed from Estrella de Chile
Hogsheads — quarters and Octaves Cockburn's Fine Port.
Hogsheads — Cockburn's Very Fine Old Port.
☞ Specially suited for Invalids.

EGGS AND FOWL.

GEORGE A. PERRIN, winner of Prize and Cup, has been appointed agent for E. A. Turner, Seattle, W. T., importer and breeder of Partridge Cochins, Houdans, Buff Cochins, White Faced Black Spanish, Brown Leghorns, White Leghorns, Dark Brahmas, Light Brahmas, Langshans, Plymouth Rocks, Golden Polish, Silver Polish, Black Breasted Red Game, White Crested Black Polish, Wyandottes, B. B. R. R. O. Bantams, W. C. B. Bantams, Rouen Ducks, Toulouse Geese, Bronze Turkeys.
Dogs—Scotch Collies, Shepherds and other dogs. Address G. A. PERRIN,
ja15 P. O. Box 346. Victoria B. C.

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Traps, Junctions, Bends, Gullies, Flush Pans, Etc.

Doulton Ware Fenders and Tiles of beautiful designs.
AGRICULTURAL DRAIN PIPES,
Red and Blue Paving Bricks for Dairies and Conservatories.
de2-1m

Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway.
Contractor's Office,
VICTORIA, Sept. 23, 1884.

Schedule of Wages

For WHITE LABOR on the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway.

Rock Foremen	$3 00 to $4 00 per day
Earth Foremen	2 50 " 3 00 "
Bridge Foremen	3 50 " 4 00 "
Bridge Carpenters	3 00 "
Blacksmiths, 1st class	3 50 "
Drillers	2 00 " 2 25 "
Laborers	1 75 " 2 00 "
Hewers	2 00 "
Choppers	1 75 " 2 00 "

All outside labour ten hours per day.
All corps to furnish their own chest tools.
All employees find themselves bed, board and lodging.
Boarding Houses will be convenient along the line.
Board $4 50 per week.
It will not be compulsory for employees to board in the company's houses.
Wages will be paid monthly on the 15th of each month.
GRAHAM & BUSK,
Sept. 22. 1f. Contractors.

W. D. McKILLICAN. W. J. ANDERSON
McKILLICAN & ANDERSON
CONTRACTORS
AND
BUILDERS.
Job Work Executed with Neatness and Dispatch.
All Work Guaranteed to give Satisfaction.
Stair Building a Specialty.
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ON LANDING AT PORTLAND INquire for the agents of the

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Secretary.

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